

### San Francisco Youth Commission Civic Engagement Committee Minutes – Draft Tuesday, October 18, 2022 6:00 PM

### Held via Videoconference

(remote public access provided via teleconference)

**Members**: Steven Hum (Co-Chair), Maureen Loftus (Co-Chair), Vanessa Pimentel, Ewan Barker Plummer, Astrid Utting, Yena Im

**Present**: Steven Hum (Co-Chair), Maureen Loftus (Co-Chair), Vanessa Pimentel, Ewan Barker Plummer, Astrid Utting, Yena Im

Tardy:

### Absent:

The San Francisco Youth Commission met remotely in regular session through videoconferencing, and provided public comment through teleconferencing, on Tuesday, October 18th, 2022, with Chair Steven Hum presiding.

Chair Hum calls the meeting to order at 6:02 PM.

### 1. Call to Order and Roll Call for Attendance

On the call of the roll:

Member	Present / Absent
Co-Chair Loftus	present
Commissioner Utting	present
Commissioner Pimentel	present
Commissioner Barker Plummer	present
Commissioner Im	present
Co-Chair Hum	present



Quorum is met.

### 2. Communications

Joy Zhan, staff, provides communications.

### 3. Approval of Agenda (Action Item)

Moved by Commissioner Barker Plummer, seconded by Commissioner Utting to approve today's agenda.

No public comment.

On the motion to approve today's agenda:

Member	Aye / Nay / Abstain / Absent
Co-Chair Loftus	aye
Commissioner Utting	aye
Commissioner Pimentel	aye
Commissioner Barker Plummer	aye
Commissioner Im	aye
Co-Chair Hum	aye

6 ayes.

This motion passes.

### 4. Approval of Minutes (Action Item)

a. October 4th, 2022 (Packet Materials)

Moved by Commissioner Utting, seconded by Commissioner Im to approve October 4th, 2022 Committee meeting minutes.

No public comment.

On the motion to approve the minutes for the October 4th, 2022 Committee meeting minutes:

Member	Aye / Nay / Abstain / Absent



Co-Chair Loftus	aye
Commissioner Utting	aye
Commissioner Pimentel	aye
Commissioner Barker Plummer	aye
Commissioner Im	aye
Co-Chair Hum	aye

### 6 ayes.

This motion passes.

### Chair:

Clerk, can you please call Item Number 5?

### 5. Public Comment on matters not on Today's Agenda (2 minutes per comment)

No public comment.

- **6. Committee Business** (All items to follow discussion and possible action)
  - a. Team Building Activity
  - b. Committee Legislative Priorities
  - c. CEC-related news

### A. Team Building Activity

Q1: What is the most annoying habit someone can have? Q2: What's the best boba and best topping, and why?

### **B.** Committee Legislative Priorities

Chair Hum: Biggest priority: Vote16 Campaign

Chair Loftus: Getting youths to register to vote - working with DoE

**Commissioner Utting**: Starting the push for local civic engagement curriculum in schools to make sure that youths are educated, knowing that there are efforts of this will help with vote16

**Commissioner Barker Plummer**: YC doesn't have an education committee, so the YC should work with the SFUSD SAC on this

Chair Loftus: No one ever sat 18-year-olds down to explain that they can

**Commissioner Utting**: should this be a curriculum or a week-long workshop, has been looking into other district's curriculums

**Chair Hum**: In Government classes, the local government structure was never taught

**Chair Loftus**: a week of curriculum/workshop is enough?



**Commissioner Utting**: proposing a week-long workshop for first-year students

**Commissioner Barker Plummer**: citywide workshop annually, and not sure what jurisdiction the YC and SAC have over curriculum

**Commissioner Im**: What's in our jurisdiction? Def work with SAC. Working for Supervisors to get them talking about civic engagement

**Chair Hum**: Supervisors visiting the schools in their districts should be implemented to promote civic engagement.

### Civic Engagement

- > Education
  - Youth Policies on Education
  - Support for Working Families
  - Expanding Language Immersion in SFUSD
  - Expanding Mandatory Title IX Trainings
  - Expand Voting to BOE Student Delegates
  - Increasing Financial Literacy in Schools
  - Increasing Mental Health Resources
  - Support for Students applying to College
  - Expand Youth Input in Youth Voice in Education
  - Expand Opportunities for Low-Income & First-Gen Students
  - Support for Job Opportunities & Trainings
  - Bridge the Digital Divide amongst Students
  - Increase Student Access to Wi-Fi
  - Local Civic Engagement Curriculum in Schools
- > Voter Engagement
  - Lowering the Local Voting Age to 16 (Vote16)
  - Getting Youth Pre-Registered to Vote
  - Improving Youth Turnout in Low-Income/Turnout Neighborhoods
  - Expand Voter Education Efforts
  - Create Voter Registration Toolkits & Social Media Posts
- Community & Neighborhood Outreach
  - Attend/Host Community Events

The committee wishes to kickstart the effort to have local civic engagement curriculum in schools. Start from having presentations at schools.

College & Career at Lowell - implementing the curriculum throughout all the classes. (something similar can be done throughout SFUSD)

### C. CEC-related News

No public comment.

7. Vote16 Presentation (discussion item)



Commissioner Barker Plummer: What's the timeline for the 2016 and 2020 legislations?

No public comment.

### 8. Staff Report (Discussion Item)

Joy, staff, asked for presentation requests.

No public comment.

### 9. Adjournment

There is no further business. Meeting is adjourned at 7:10 PM.

# Vote16 Presentation

San Francisco Youth's Road to Voting Equity

## History

- First legislation, File 150267, was introduced by Supervisor Avalos on March 17th, 2015
  - o 9 out of 11 Supervisors voted to put it on the ballot
- 2016 Prop F lost by about 5%
- Second legislation, File 200477, was introduced by Supervisor Yee on May 12th, 2020
  - Unanimous vote to put it on the ballot
- 2020 Prop G lost by about by less than 1%

### Local Measure F - Youth Voting in Local Elections

### more

	Ballots cast	Percentage
No	187,860	52.1%
Yes	172,744	47.9%
Total	360,604	100%
Under Votes	50,510	
Over Votes	178	

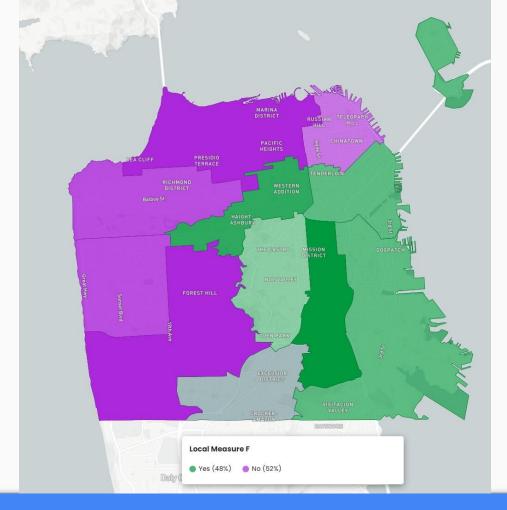
This measure requires 50%+1 affirmative votes to pass.

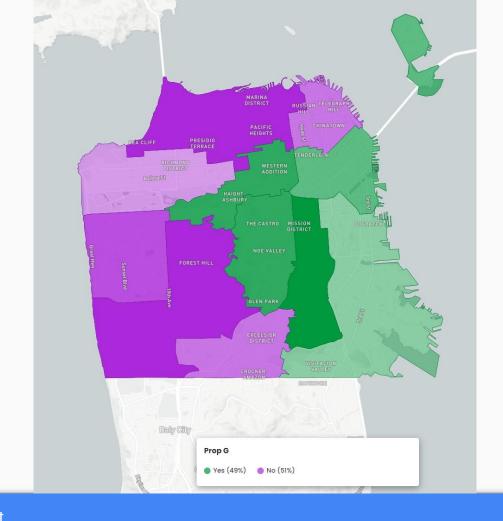
### Proposition G - Youth Voting in Local Elections

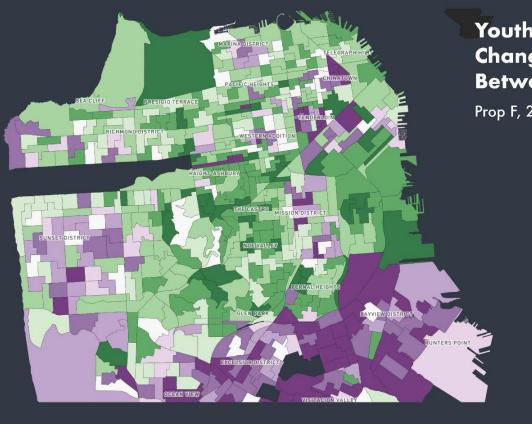
### ▶ more

	Ballots cast	Percentage
No	213,694	50.79%
Yes	207,054	49.21%
Total	420,748	100%
Under Votes	26,891	
Over Votes	73	

This measure requires 50%+1 affirmative votes to pass.







### Youth Vote Measures: Change in Support Between 2016 and 2020

Prop F, 2016 and Prop G, 2020

### Change in margin of "Yes" vote

-15% or more

-10%

-5%

-2%

No change

+2%

+5%

+10%

+15% or more

Less support in 2020

More support in 2020

## Polling (Before Supporter & Opponent Statements)

### **Strong Support**

- Under 35
- Families
- Mixed-Races
- US Citizens
- LGBTQ+
- New SF voters
- Low-Income voters

### **Strong Opposition**

- Republicans
- 65+
- Black community
- Homeowners
- Regular Voters
- Only High School Education

Supporters say that we need to increase voter participation, and research shows that the younger a person casts their first vote, the more likely they are to be lifelong voters. Studies show that 16-year-olds—who are old enough to work and pay taxes—possess the same level of civic knowledge as 21-year-olds. We've seen young leaders like 16-year-old Greta Thunberg lead the entire world on issues like climate change. It's time for San Francisco, with commitment from the Board of Education, to implement special curriculum in our high schools, to grant 16 and 17-year-olds the right to vote.

Opponents say most 16-year-olds have less caution and judgement than older teens, which is why we can't get married or serve in the military until we are 18. Plus, without financial responsibilities in their lives, 16-year-olds will be more likely to vote for wasteful taxes and spending programs—which is exactly what the politicians behind this measure are counting on. Do you agree more with the statement from supporters or from opponents?

## Polling (After Supporter & Opponent Statements)

### Strong Support

- Women
- Democrats
- Under 35
- Black voters
- Latinx voters
- API voters
- Mixed-race voters
- Renters
- Families
- New SF Voters
- New SF Residents
- College Graduates
- Low-Income

### **Strong Opponent**

Republicans

### AMENDED IN COMMITTEE 6/8/2015

(SECOND DRAFT)

FILE NO. 150267

1 2

3

4

5

6

7 8

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the voters to amend the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco, to authorize 16- and 17-year-olds to vote in municipal elections, at an election to be held on November 8, 2016.

[Charter Amendment – Sixteen- and Seventeen-Year-Old Voting for Municipal Elections]

Section 1. The Board of Supervisors hereby submits to the qualified voters of the City and County, at an election to be held on November 8, 2016, a proposal to amend the Charter of the City and County by revising Article XVII, to read as follows:

NOTE:

Unchanged Charter text and uncodified text are in plain font. **Additions** are single-underline italics Times New Roman font. **Deletions** are *strike-through italies Times New Roman font*. Asterisks (\* \* \* \*) indicate the omission of unchanged Charter subsections.

### **ARTICLE XVII: DEFINITIONS**

For all purposes of this Charter, the following terms shall have the meanings specified below:

"Business day" shall mean any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or holiday on which governmental agencies are authorized by law to close.

"Confirm" or "confirmation" shall mean the approval by a majority of the members of the Board of Supervisors.

"Discrimination" shall mean violations of civil rights on account of race, color, religion, creed, sex, national origin, ethnicity, age, disability or medical condition, political affiliation, sexual orientation, ancestry, marital or domestic partners status, gender identity, parental status, other non-merit factors, or any category provided for by ordinance.

///

"Domestic partners" shall mean persons who register their partnerships pursuant to the voter-approved Domestic Partnership Ordinance.

"Elector" shall mean a person registered to vote in the City and County.

"For cause" shall mean the issuance of a written public statement by the Mayor describing those actions taken by an individual as a member of a board or commission which are the reasons for removal, provided such reasons constitute official misconduct in office.

"General municipal election" shall mean the election for local officials or measures to be held in the City and County on the Tuesday immediately following the first Monday in November in every year until and including 2015. Thereafter, "general municipal election" shall mean the election for local officials or measures to be held in the City and County on the Tuesday immediately following the first Monday in November in all even-numbered years and in every fourth year following 2015. For the purpose of this definition, "local officials" shall include the Assessor-Recorder, City Attorney, District Attorney, Mayor, Public Defender, Sheriff, Treasurer, and members of the Board of Supervisors, Board of Education, and Governing Board of the Community College District.

"Initiative" shall mean (1) a proposal by the voters with respect to any ordinance, act or other measure which is within the powers conferred upon the Board of Supervisors to enact, any legislative act which is within the power conferred upon any other official, board, commission or other unit of government to adopt, or any declaration of policy; or (2) any measure submitted to the voters by the Mayor or by the Board of Supervisors, or four or more members of the Board.

"Notice" shall mean publication (as defined by ordinance), and a contemporaneous filing with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors or other appropriate office.

"One-third," "a majority" or "two-thirds" of the Board of Supervisors or any other board or commission of the City and County shall mean one-third, a majority or two-thirds of all members of such board or commission.

"Published" shall have the meaning ascribed to the term by the Board of Supervisors by ordinance. The Board of Supervisors shall seek a recommendation from the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors before adopting such an ordinance.

"Referendum" shall mean the power of the voters to nullify ordinances involving legislative matters except that the referendum power shall not extend to any portion of the annual budget or appropriations, annual salary ordinances, ordinances authorizing the City Attorney to compromise litigation, ordinances levying taxes, ordinances relative to purely administrative matters, ordinances necessary to enable the Mayor to carry out the Mayor's emergency powers, or ordinances adopted pursuant to Section 9.106 of this Charter.

"Special municipal election" shall mean, in addition to special elections otherwise required by law, the election called by (1) the Director of Elections with respect to an initiative, referendum or recall, and (2) the Board of Supervisors with respect to bond issues, election of an local officials not required to be elected at the a general municipal election, or an initiative or referendum. For the purpose of this definition, "local officials" shall include the Assessor-Recorder, City Attorney, District Attorney, Mayor, Public Defender, Sheriff, Treasurer, and members of the Board of Supervisors, Board of Education, and Governing Board of the Community College District.

"Statewide election" shall mean an election held throughout the state.

"Voter" shall mean an elector who is registered in accordance with the provisions of state law, except that for municipal elections, "voter" shall also mean any person who is at least 16 years old, meets all the qualifications for voter registration in accordance with state law other than those provisions that address age, and is registered to vote with the Department of Elections.

APPROVED AS TO FORM: DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney

By: ANDREW SHEN

Deputy City Attorney

n:\legana\as2015\1500534\00998236.doc

### REVISED LEGISLATIVE DIGEST

(6/8/2015, Amended in Committee)

[Charter Amendment – Sixteen- and Seventeen-Year-Old Voting for Municipal Elections]

Describing and setting forth a proposal to the voters to amend the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco, to authorize 16- and 17-year-olds to vote in municipal elections, at an election to be held on November 8, 2016.

### **Existing Law**

Article XVII of the Charter defines "voter" as "an elector who is registered in accordance with the provisions of state law." State law provides: "Any person who will be at least 18 years of age at the time of the next election is eligible to register and vote at that election." Cal. Elec. Code § 2000(b); see also Cal. Const., art. II, § 2.

### Amendments to Current Law

The proposal would amend the Charter's definition of "voter," for the purpose of municipal elections, to be "any person who is at least 16 years old, meets all the qualifications for voter registration in accordance with state law other than those provisions that address age, and is registered to vote with the Department of Elections."

### **Background Information**

On January 5, 2015, the San Francisco Youth Commission adopted a resolution urging the Mayor and Board of Supervisors to lower San Francisco's legal voting age to sixteen.

On June 8, 2015, the Rules Committee amended this proposal. The second draft specifies that 16 and 17-year-olds may vote in elections for members of the Board of Education for the San Francisco Unified School District and the Governing Board of the Community College District. The second draft would also seek to place the proposal on the ballot for the November 8, 2016 election.

 $n: \leq ana as 2015 1500534 00999718. doc$ 



### City and County of San Francisco **Tails**

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

### **Charter Amendment**

File Number:

150267

Date Passed: May 10, 2016

Charter Amendment (Second Draft) to amend the Charter to authorize 16- and 17-year-olds to vote in municipal elections, at an election to be held on November 8, 2016.

June 08, 2015 Rules Committee - AMENDED

June 08, 2015 Rules Committee - CONTINUED TO CALL OF THE CHAIR AS AMENDED

May 03, 2016 Board of Supervisors - CONTINUED

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Breed, Campos, Cohen, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Peskin, Tang, Wiener and Yee

May 10, 2016 Board of Supervisors - ORDERED SUBMITTED

Ayes: 9 - Avalos, Breed, Campos, Kim, Mar, Peskin, Tang, Wiener and Yee

Noes: 2 - Cohen and Farrell

File No. 150267

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter Amendment was ORDERED SUBMITTED on 5/10/2016 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

> Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

1	[Urging to Lower San Francisco's Legal Voting Age to 16 years of age]
2	Resolution urging the Mayor and Board of Supervisors to lower San Francisco's
3	legal voting age to sixteen in municipal and school district elections
4	WHEREAS, Upon turning 16, young people can drive, work without limitations on
5	hours, pay taxes, take classes on government in school, are subject to adult criminal charges,
6	and yet are denied the right to vote; and
7	WHEREAS, Young people often feel excluded from being engaged in their government
8	and are underrepresented in local government; and
9	WHEREAS, On September 15, 2014, the United Nations declared 2014's International
10	Day of Democracy theme to be "Engaging Young People on Democracy," calling for countries
11	around the world to increase their efforts to engage young people in their democratic
12	processes; <sup>1</sup> and
13	WHEREAS, Extending voting rights to youth of 16 years of age would empower young
14	people to become engaged in our local government; and
15	WHEREAS, With the right to vote, young people would increase their knowledge and
16	interest in politics and the issues directly affecting them; and
17	WHEREAS, 16 year olds possess roughly the same political knowledge as 21 year
18	olds and come close to the average for all adults;2 and
19	WHEREAS, Young people who vote will make voting habitual, as voting is a life-long
20	practice begun once one casts their first vote;3 and
21	
22	<sup>1</sup> The United Nations, "2014 Theme: Engaging Young People on Democracy," September 15, 2014. Accessed December 6, 2014 at: <a href="http://www.un.org/en/events/democracyday/">http://www.un.org/en/events/democracyday/</a>
23	<sup>2</sup> Hart, Daniel and Atkins, Robert, "American Sixteen- and Seventeen-Year-Olds Are Ready to Vote." <i>The Annals</i>

of the American Academy of Social Science. Accessed December 1, 2014. Accessed at:

<sup>3</sup> Elias, Dinas. "The Formation of Voting Habits." *Journal of Elections, Public Opinion and Parties*. Accessed

http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/17457289.2012.718280?tab=permissions#tabModule

Commissioner Cardenas

December 6, 2014 at:

24

25

http://ann.sagepub.com/content/633/1/201

25

2	their lives than are those who begin voting later in life;4 and
3	WHEREAS, Having young people voting at earlier ages would increase voter turnout in
4	future elections and further stimulate interest in getting more involved in local government
5	affairs; and
6	WHEREAS, Studies have proven 16 year old voters are competent and mature enough
7	to make well-informed decisions that will influence their lives and the broader electorate; <sup>5</sup> and
8	WHEREAS, Given the current age demographics in San Francisco where the average
9	age of the electorate has risen from 44.2 in 1980 to 45.8 and is projected to 47.6 by 2025,
10	expanding the electorate is an essential step in counterbalancing this aging; and
11	WHEREAS, Young people have interests and priorities that differ from those of older
12	voters and an aging electorate may neglect the interests of more diverse younger
13	generations; and
14	WHEREAS, Between 2000 and 2013, San Francisco lost about 8,000 <sup>6</sup> school age
15	youth and now has the lowest percentage <sup>7</sup> of kids of any major U.S. city; and
16	WHEREAS, The young people impacted by these trends are best positioned to identify
17	solutions, and their political enfranchisement is a vital step toward combating family flight; and
18	
19	
20	
21	<sup>4</sup> Bhatti, Yosef, and Kasper Hansen. "Leaving the Nest and the Social Act of Voting: Turnout among First-Time
22	Voters." <i>Journal of Elections, Public Opinion and Parties</i> 22, no. 4 (2012). Accessed December 29, 2014 at: <a href="http://www.kaspermhansen.eu/Work/JEPOP_Bhatti&amp;Hansen_2012_young.pdf">http://www.kaspermhansen.eu/Work/JEPOP_Bhatti&amp;Hansen_2012_young.pdf</a> .
23	<sup>5</sup> Hart and Atkins, see supra note 2 <sup>6</sup> Heather Knight, "Families' exodus leaves S.F. whiter, less diverse," <i>The San Francisco Chronicle</i> , June 10,
24	2013. Accessed December 12, 2014: <a href="http://www.sfgate.com/bayarea/article/Families-exodus-leaves-S-F-whiter-less-diverse-3393637.php">http://www.sfgate.com/bayarea/article/Families-exodus-leaves-S-F-whiter-less-diverse-3393637.php</a> Aaron Sankin, "Families Flee San Francisco: City Has Lowest Percentage Of Kids Of Any Major U.S. City," The

WHEREAS, Young voters will be more likely to continue civic engagement throughout

Commissioner Cardenas

Huffington Post; San Francisco, March 11, 2012: Accessed December 12, 2014. http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2012/03/09/families-flee-san-francisco n 1335639.html

1	WHEREAS, The city has seen fit to make investments in the leadership and civic
2	engagement of young people through DCYF's Youth Leadership and Organizing programs,
3	Youth Empowerment Fund, and annual Youth Advocacy Day, among other initiatives; and
4	WHEREAS, thousands of SFUSD high school students have cast votes in mock
5	elections and ballot measures through the Youth Vote program, gaining exposure to the
6	electoral process and civic norms and practices; and
7	WHEREAS, On Tuesday, October 14, 2014 over 90 young people attended a Young
8	Voters Forum designed to educate youth on the various issues facing San Francisco this
9	election year and incite reflection on how the ballot might impact their lives and those of their
10	peers and family; and
11	WHEREAS, A majority of the attendees at the Young Voters Forum were under 18, year
12	meaningfully contributed to the discussion regarding several ballot measures; and
13	WHEREAS, The non-partisan event was put on by the San Francisco Youth
14	Commission, TAYSF, San Francisco Youth Warriors, Youth Leadership Institute, Peer
15	Resources, the Student Advisory Council, and Coleman Advocates; and
16	WHEREAS, Staff from the San Francisco Department of Elections was on hand at the
17	Young Voters Forum to register new voters and recruit young people to work the polls on
18	Election Day; and
19	WHEREAS, These and many other efforts by engaged local youth leaders have been
20	very fruitful, with the city benefiting from several policy and legislative campaigns initiated and
21	led by young people all around the city, including most recently an ordinance amending the
22	health code and establishing limitations for the granting of new tobacco sales permits (File No
23	1410988), which was finally passed by the Board of Supervisors on December 9, 2014; and
24	8 "Ordinance amonding the Health Code by adding density, provincity, and calculate actabilishment limitations and the
25	8 "Ordinance amending the Health Code by adding density, proximity, and sales establishment limitations on the granting of new tobacco sales permits, and renumbering all sections in Article 19H; amending the Business and Tax Regulations Code by increasing the annual license and application fees; and making environmental

Commissioner Cardenas

1	WHEREAS, Numerous countries—Austria, Argentina, Brazil, Germany, Norway and
2	the United Kingdom—have extended the right to vote to 16 year olds in national, state, and
3	local elections or are considering doing so, and these efforts have resulted in higher turnout
4	among voters ages 16-17 than among voters age 18 and older; and
5	WHEREAS, In December 2010, the Lowell, Massachusetts City Council passed a
6	resolution petitioning the Massachusetts State Legislature to lower the city's voting age to 179
7	and the petition is currently being considered by the Massachusetts State Legislature where it
8	has garnered the support of several state lawmakers; 10 and
9	WHEREAS, In May 2013, Takoma Park, Maryland became the first municipality in the
10	United States to reduce its legal voting age to 16 years of age; <sup>11</sup> and
11	WHEREAS, Voter turnout among these newly enfranchised voters in Takoma Park was
12	44 percent, as compared to the overall voter turnout which was 11 percent; 12 and
13	WHEREAS, The Scottish government allowed 16 and 17 year olds to vote in its
14	referendum on declaring independence from the United Kingdom; 13 and
15	
16	
17	

18

20

21

22

23

24

25

19 https://www.utec-lowell.org/actnow/vote17

Accessed December 6, 2014: http://www.washingtonpost.com/local/takoma-park-grants-16-year-olds-right-tovote/2013/05/14/b27c52c4-bccd-11e2-89c9-3be8095fe767\_story.html

J.B. Wogan, "Takoma Park Sees High Turnout Among Teens After Election Reform," Governing, November 7, 2013. Accessed December 6, 2014: http://www.governing.com/news/headlines/gov-maryland-city-sees-highturnout-among-teens-after-election-reform.html

The Electoral Commission Lothian Chambers, 59--63 George IV Bridge, Edinburgh EH1 1RN. (2014). The 2014 Scottish Independence Voting Guide. Accessed December 6, 2014:

http://www.electoralcommission.org.uk/ data/assets/pdf file/0012/170400/The-2014-Scottish-Independence-Referendum-Voting-Guide.pdf

findings," adopted by the Board of Supervisors on December 9, 2014. Accessed December 12. 2014: https://sfgov.legistar.com/View.ashx?M=F&ID=3413121&GUID=9590AFB0-D62E-4BC6-944C-3375C6D90322 United Teen Equity Equality Center (Lowell, Massachusetts), "Vote 17." Accessed December 1, 2014:

Russell Goldman, "Mass. Teens Inch Closer to Lowering Voting Age to 17," ABC News, April 19, 2012. Accessed December 1, 2014: http://abcnews.go.com/Politics/mass-teens-inch-closer-lowering-voting-age/story?id=16166922
 Lindsay A. Powers, "Takoma Part grants 16-year-olds right to vote," *The Washington Post*, May 14, 2013.

1	WHEREAS, These 16 and 17 year old voters used this opportunity to exercise their
2	newfound right to vote en masse, with over 90 percent of 16 and 17 year old voters registering
3	to vote in the Scottish independence referendum; <sup>14</sup> and
4	WHEREAS, Research consistently indicates 16-17 year-olds make voting decisions
5	based on reasoned consideration of their own and larger interests in a fashion similar to older
6	voters; <sup>15</sup> and
7	WHEREAS, Resolutions adopted by both the San Francisco Youth Commission
8	(Resolution 0405-013) <sup>16</sup> and the San Francisco Board of Supervisors (File No. 051215) <sup>17</sup> in
9	2005 supported expanding suffrage to citizens of 16 years and older in city and county
10	elections; and
11	WHEREAS, In 2014 the San Francisco Youth Commission adopted Resolution No.
12	1314—02 <sup>19</sup> that called on for the Board of Supervisors and Youth-Serving Commissions to
13	create a "Youth Voice" Policy that would allow more young people to come to testify at public
14	meetings to voice their concerns and opinions on legislation that would directly impact them;
15	and
16	
17	
18	<sup>14</sup> Eichhorn, Jan, "Will 17 and 17 year olds make a difference in the referendum?" Edinburgh: Scot Cen for Social Research (2014). Accessed December 29, 2014. http://www.scotcen.org.uk/media/205540/131129_will-16-and-
19	17-years-olds-make-a-difference.pdf  15 "Voting at 16: Turnout and the Quality of Vote Choice." <i>Electoral Studies</i> 31, no. 2 (2012). Accessed
20	December 29, 2014. <a href="http://ac.els-cdn.com/S0261379412000212/1-s2.0-S0261379412000212-main.pdf">http://ac.els-cdn.com/S0261379412000212/1-s2.0-S0261379412000212-main.pdf</a> ? <a href="http://ac.els-cdn.com/s0261379412000212/1-s2.0-s0261379412000212-main.pdf">http://ac.els-cdn.com/s0261379412000212-main.pdf</a> ? <a href="http://ac.els-cdn.com/s0261379412000212/1-s2.0-s0261379412000212-main.pdf">http://ac.els-cdn.com/s0261379412000212-main.pdf</a> ? <a href="http://ac.els-cdn.com/s0261379412000212-main.pdf">http://ac.els-cdn.com/s0261379412000212-main.pdf</a> .
21	00000aacb361&acdnat=1420172798 2b922ffa143eaa9603df4a3691b93c3e.  San Francisco Youth Commission Resolution 0405—AL013 "Resolution Urging the San Francisco Board of
22	Supervisors to Recommend to State Legislators That They Allow Local Choice, For Which City or County Could Permit Persons 16 years of Age or Older to Vote In City or County Elections," adopted June 6, 2005
	<sup>17</sup> See Board of Supervisor File No. 051215—Urging State Legislators to Permit Persons 16 Years of Age or

Older to Vote in City and County Elections, Passed on July 21, 2005. Retrieved at:

<a href="https://sfgov.legistar.com/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=477237&GUID=8E3D3E05-BB1D-488F-A1D0-8F0B22AB0739&Options=ID|Text|&Search=538-05">https://sfgov.legistar.com/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=477237&GUID=8E3D3E05-BB1D-488F-A1D0-8F0B22AB0739&Options=ID|Text|&Search=538-05</a>

San Francisco Youth Commission Resolution 1313—02 "Resolution Urging the San Francisco Board of Particular P

Supervisors and Youth-Serving Commissions to Support the Creation of a Youth Voice Policy," adopted March

Commissioner Cardenas

3, 2014

23

24

25

1	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors added Rule 2.12.120 to the Board
2	of Supervisors' Rules of Order in 2014, providing more opportunities for young people to
3	meaningfully participate in public meetings; and
4	WHEREAS, Many states are enacting laws designed to severely limit communities' of
5	color and young people's voting rights, rolling back gains won through a proud history of
6	struggle on behalf of African Americans and groups of young, multiracial activists; and
7	WHEREAS, San Francisco has an opportunity to take bold action to reverse these
8	trends and stand for the political enfranchisement of young people; and
9	WHEREAS, As stated in Section 4.124 of the San Francisco City Charter, the Youth
10	Commission is charged with identifying and proposing solutions to meet the unmet needs and
11	concerns of San Francisco youth; and
12	WHEREAS, The Youth Commission believes that young people's ability to engage in
13	electoral processes that directly impact them is an unmet need; now, therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED, That the Youth Commission urges the Mayor and the Board of
15	Supervisors to lower San Francisco's city and school district voting age eligibility to 16 years
16	of age or older; and be it further
17	RESOLVED, That the Youth Commission urges the Mayor and the Board of
18	Supervisors to urge San Francisco's elected state representatives—State Senator Mark Leno,
19	Assemblymembers Philip Y. Ting and David Chiu—to prepare legislation that would provide
20	for a state constitutional referendum to reduce the voting age to sixteen for all state elections;
21	and be it finally
22	

24

25

https://sfgov.legistar.com/View.ashx?M=F&ID=3276905&GUID=8ACEC527-F5C4-4E6B-99FF-450D9B60A3BE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> "Motion amending the Board of Supervisors Rules of Order, by adding Rule 2.12.2, to establish communication procedures for hearings on matters related to the Youth Commission." San Francisco Board of Supervisors. Accessed December 6, 2014:

1	RESOLVED, That the Youth Commission urges the Mayor and the Board of
2	Supervisors to prepare a charter amendment to relevant sections of the San Francisco
3	Charter allowing citizens of 16 years of age and older to vote and register in municipal and
4	school district elections held in the City and County of San Francisco.
5	
6	mio l.
7	Micheli)
8	
9	Michel Li
10	2014-2015 Youth Commission Chair
11	Adopted by Youth Commission January 5, 2015
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	[Charter Amendment - 16- and 17-Year-Olds Voting in Municipal Elections]
2	
3	Describing and setting forth a proposal to the voters at an election to be held on November
4	3, 2020, to amend the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco to authorize youths
5	aged 16 and 17 to vote in municipal elections.
6	
7	Section 1. The Board of Supervisors hereby submits to the qualified voters of the City
8	and County, at an election to be held on November 3, 2020, a proposal to amend the Charter of
9	the City and County by revising Article XVII, to read as follows:
10	NOTE: Unchanged Charter text and uncodified text are in plain font.
11	Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman font</u> .  Deletions are <u>strike-through italics Times New Roman font</u> .
12	<b>Asterisks (* * * *)</b> indicate the omission of unchanged Charter subsections.
13	
14	ARTICLE XVII: DEFINITIONS
15	For all purposes of this Charter, the following terms shall have the meanings specified
16	below:
17	* * * *
18	"Elector" shall mean a person registered to vote in the City and County.
19	* * * *
20	"General municipal election" shall mean the election for local officials or measures to be
21	held in the City and County on the Tuesday immediately following the first Monday in November
22	in every year until and including 2015. Thereafter, "general municipal election" shall mean the
23	election for local officials or measures to be held in the City and County on the Tuesday
24	immediately following the first Monday in November in all even-numbered years and in every
25	

1	fourth year following 2015. For the purpose of this definition, "local officials" shall mean the
2	elected officials identified in Section 13.101.
3	* * * *
4	"Special municipal election" shall mean, in addition to special elections otherwise
5	required by law, the election called by (1) the Director of Elections <u>under Section 14.101 or</u>
6	14.103 with respect to an initiative, referendum or recall, and (2) the Board of Supervisors under
7	Section 13.103 or 14.102 with respect to bond issues, election of an official not required to be
8	elected at the general municipal election, or an initiative or referendum.
9	"Statewide election" shall mean an election held throughout the state.
10	"Voter" shall mean an elector who is registered in accordance with the provisions of state
11	law, except that for general and special municipal elections, "voter" shall also mean any person
12	who is at least 16 years old, meets all the qualifications for voter registration in accordance with
13	state law other than those provisions that address age, and is registered to vote with the
14	Department of Elections.
15	
16	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
17	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attorney
18	By: /s/ Andrew Shen
19	ANDREW SHEN Deputy City Attorney
20	n:\legana\as2020\2000399\01446744.docx
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	



## City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

### **Charter Amendment**

File Number: 200477 Date Passed: June 30, 2020

Charter Amendment (First Draft) to amend the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco to authorize youths aged 16 and 17 to vote in municipal elections; at an election to be held on November 3, 2020.

June 15, 2020 Rules Committee - RECOMMENDED

June 23, 2020 Board of Supervisors - CONTINUED

Ayes: 11 - Fewer, Haney, Mandelman, Mar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani, Walton and Yee

June 30, 2020 Board of Supervisors - ORDERED SUBMITTED

Ayes: 11 - Fewer, Haney, Mandelman, Mar, Peskin, Preston, Ronen, Safai, Stefani, Walton and Yee

File No. 200477

I hereby certify that the foregoing Charter Amendment was ORDERED SUBMITTED on 6/30/2020 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo
Clerk of the Board

### BOARD of SUPERVISORS



City Hall
1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Room 244
San Francisco 94102-4689
Tel. No. 554-5184
Fax No. 554-5163
TDD/TTY No. 554-5227

### MEMORANDUM

TO: Kiely Hosmon, Director

Youth Commission

FROM: Angela Calvillo, Clerk of the Board by

DATE: May 19, 2020

SUBJECT: REFERRAL FROM BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The Board of Supervisors has received the following proposed legislation which is being referred to the Youth Commission as per Charter, Section 4.124 for comment and recommendation. The Commission may provide any response it deems appropriate within 12 days from the date of this referral.

File No. 200477

Charter Amendment (First Draft) to amend the Charter of the City and County of San Francisco to authorize youths aged 16 and 17 to vote in municipal elections; at an election to be held on November 3, 2020.

Please return this cover sheet with the Commission's response to **Victor Young**, **Assistant Clerk**, **Rules Committee**.

***************	***************
RESPONSE FROM YOUTH COMMISSION	Date:June 1, 2020
No CommentX Recommendation Attached	Josephine Curetor
	Chairperson, Youth Commission

### Youth Commission

City Hall ~ Room 345 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102~4532



(415) 554-6446 (415) 554-6140 FAX www.sfgov.org/youth\_commission

# YOUTH COMMISSION MEMORANDUM

TO: Victor Young, Assistant Clerk, Rules Committee

**FROM:** Youth Commission DATE: Tuesday, June 2, 2020

RE: Referral response to BOS File No. 200477 [Charter Amendment - 16- and 17-

Year-Olds Voting in Municipal Elections]

At our **Monday, June 1, 2020, meeting**, the Youth Commission unanimously voted to support the following motion:

BOS File No. 200477 [Charter Amendment - 16- and 17-Year-Olds Voting in Municipal Elections]

Youth Commissioners thank Board President Yee for utilizing the Youth Commission's original Resolution 1819-AL-14 [Lower San Francisco's Legal Voting Age to 16 Years of Age] and creating a charter amendment for the November 2020 ballot.

\*\*\*

Youth Commissioners thank the Board of Supervisors for their attention to this issue. If you have any questions, please contact our office at (415) 554-6446, or your Youth Commissioner.

Josephine Cureton, Chair Adopted on June 1, 2020

2019-2020 San Francisco Youth Commission

1	[Lower San Francisco's Legal Voting Age to 16 Years of Age]
2	
3	Resolution urging the Mayor and Board of Supervisors to lower San Francisco's
4	legal voting age to sixteen in municipal and school district elections.
5	
6	WHEREAS, Vote16USA is a national campaign, organized by Generation
7	Citizen, that aims to support efforts to extend voting rights to 16- and 17-year-olds on
8	the local level, help start new local campaigns, and elevate the issue's prominence on a
9	national level; and
10	WHEREAS, On May 3, 2016, for the first time ever, the San Francisco Board of
11	Supervisors and San Francisco Youth Commission held a joint Committee of the Whole
12	meeting to hear from youth in public comment on putting Vote16 on the ballot; and
13	WHEREAS, 9 out of 11 San Francisco Supervisors voted to put Vote16, which
14	became Proposition F, onto the ballot in November 2016, where it lost by the close
15	margin of 2.1%; and
16	WHEREAS, Proposition F was endorsed by former Board of Education
17	Commissioners Sandra Lee Fewer, Shaman Walton, and Matt Haney, all of whom are
18	now San Francisco Supervisors; and
19	WHEREAS, Proposition F was also endorsed by State Assembly Members David
20	Chiu and Phil Ting in 2016, as well as by Former Supervisor and now State Senator
21	Scott Wiener; and
22	WHEREAS, the San Francisco Democratic Central Committee, along with 17 San
23	Francisco Democratic clubs endorsed Proposition F in 2016 <sup>[1]</sup> ; and
24	WHEREAS, Numerous countries—Austria, Argentina, Brazil, Germany, Norway
25	and the United Kingdom—have extended the right to vote to 16 year olds in national,
26	state, and local elections or are considering doing so, and these efforts have resulted in
27	higher turnout among voters ages 16-17 than among voters age 18 and older; and
28	WHEREAS, in March 2019, twenty-eighth Assembly District Assemblymember,
29	Evan Low, introduced Assembly Constitutional Amendment 8 (ACA 8) which proposes
30	to lower the California voting age from 18 to 17 and is follow up legislation to his original
31	ACA 10; and

1	WHEREAS, On March 14th, 2019, Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi (D-CA
2	12) publicly supported lowering the national voting age to 16, mainstreaming the
3	lowering of the voting age; and
4	WHEREAS, on March 6th, 2019, Rep. Ayanna Pressley (D-MA 7) introduced an
5	amendment to H.R. 1, or the For the People Act which would lower the national voting
6	age to 16, and 135 Democratic Representatives voted to support it; and
7	WHEREAS, in 2016, Berkeley voters passed Measure Y1, which lowered the
8	voting age to 16 for Berkeley Unified School District elections; and
9	WHEREAS, In May 2013, Takoma Park, Maryland became the first municipality
10	in the United States to reduce its legal voting age to 16 years of age; <sup>[2]</sup> and
11	WHEREAS, Voter turnout among these newly enfranchised voters in Takoma
12	Park was 44 percent, as compared to the overall voter turnout which was 11 percent; <sup>[3]</sup>
13	and
14	WHEREAS, In December 2010, the Lowell, Massachusetts City Council proposed a
15	resolution petitioning the Massachusetts State Legislature to lower the city's voting age
16	to 17 <sup>[4]</sup> and
17	WHEREAS, The Scottish government allowed 16 and 17 year olds to vote in its
18	referendum on declaring independence from the United Kingdom, as well as general
19	elections; <sup>[5]</sup> and
20	WHEREAS, These 16 and 17 year old voters used this opportunity to exercise
21	their newfound right to vote en masse, with over 90 percent of 16 and 17 year old voters
22	registering to vote in the Scottish independence referendum;[6] and
23	WHEREAS, In 2016 the San Francisco Youth Commission adopted Resolution
24	No. 1617-AL-05 <sup>[7]</sup> that supported the state legislation Assembly Constitutional
25	Amendment 10 (ACA 10) introduced by twenty-eighth Assembly District
26	Assemblymember, Evan Low, which would have "reduce[d] the minimum voting age [in
27	California] to 17"; and
28	WHEREAS, In 2014 the San Francisco Youth Commission adopted Resolution
29	No. 1314—02 <sup>[8]</sup> that called on the Board of Supervisors and Youth-Serving
30	Commissions to create a "Youth Voice" Policy that would allow more young people to

1	come to testify at public meetings to voice their concerns and opinions on legislation
2	that would directly impact them; and
3	WHEREAS, Resolutions adopted by both the San Francisco Youth Commission
4	(Resolution 0405-013) <sup>[9]</sup> and the San Francisco Board of Supervisors (File No.
5	051215) <sup>[10]</sup> in 2005 supported expanding suffrage to citizens of 16 years and older in
6	city and county elections; and
7	WHEREAS, Upon turning 16, young people can drive, work without limitations on
8	hours, pay taxes, take classes on government in school, are subject to adult criminal
9	charges, and yet are denied the right to vote; and
10	WHEREAS, Young people often feel excluded from being engaged in their
11	government and are underrepresented in local government; and
12	WHEREAS, Extending voting rights to youth of 16 years of age would empower
13	young people to become engaged in our local government; and
14	WHEREAS, Undocumented and incarcerated young people in the City and
15	County of San Francisco currently have no outlet to directly impact policy other than
16	physical activism, which many undocumented people consider to be dangerous; and
17	WHEREAS, With the right to vote, young people would increase their knowledge
18	and interest in politics and the issues directly affecting them; and
19	WHEREAS, 16 year olds possess roughly the same political knowledge as 21
20	year olds and come close to the average for all adults; <sup>[11]</sup> and
21	WHEREAS, Young people who vote will make voting habitual, as voting is a life-
22	long practice begun once one casts their first vote; [12] and
23	WHEREAS, Young voters will be more likely to continue civic engagement
24	throughout their lives than are those who begin voting later in life; <sup>[13]</sup> and
25	WHEREAS, Having young people voting at earlier ages would increase voter
26	turnout in future elections and further stimulate interest in getting more involved in local
27	government affairs; and
28	WHEREAS, Studies have proven 16 year old voters are competent and mature
29	enough to make well-informed decisions that will influence their lives and the broader
30	electorate; <sup>[14]</sup> and

1	WHEREAS, The median age of a San Francisco resident as of 2016 is 38, but
2	the average age of the electorate has risen from 44.2 in 1980 to 45.8 and is projected to
3	be 47.6 by 2025; and
4	WHEREAS, Young people have interests and priorities that differ from those of
5	older voters and an aging electorate may neglect the interests of more diverse younger
6	generations; and
7	WHEREAS, Between 2000 and 2013, San Francisco lost about 8,000 <sup>[15]</sup> school
8	age youth and now has the lowest percentage <sup>[16]</sup> of children of any major U.S. city; and
9	WHEREAS, The young people impacted by these trends are best positioned to
10	identify solutions, and their political enfranchisement is a vital step toward combating
11	family flight; and
12	WHEREAS, The city has seen fit to make investments in the leadership and civic
13	engagement of young people that DYCF's Youth Leadership and Organizing programs,
14	Youth Empowerment Fund, and annual Youth Advocacy Day, among other initiatives;
15	and
16	WHEREAS, thousands of SFUSD high school students have cast votes in mock
17	elections and ballot measures through the Youth Vote program, gaining exposure to the
18	electoral process and civic norms and practices; and
19	WHEREAS, the current political moment has galvanized civic involvement
20	among young people in SF in resistance to the current administration, with hundreds of
21	students walking out on Inauguration Day and thousands participating in the March For
22	Our Lives protests to make their voices heard; and
23	WHEREAS, frustrated with the inaction of the U.S. Government to address the
24	crisis of human-made climate change, young people in SF and around the country are
25	increasingly organizing to make their support for green policy and environmental justice
26	known; and
27	WHEREAS, San Francisco hosts a vibrant community of youth advocates, youth
28	organizers, and youth philanthropists who play critical roles in advising local nonprofits
29	and city departments on matters pertaining to the youth of San Francisco and policy
30	affecting them; and

1	WHEREAS, these youth leaders play a key role in the formation and revision of
2	the city's youth policy but remain disenfranchised despite being recognized by the city
3	and local nonprofits as community leaders; and
4	WHEREAS, Staff from the San Francisco Department of Elections was on hand
5	at the Young Voters Forum to register new voters and recruit young people to work the
6	polls on Election Day, these youth poll workers make up ½ of the total amount of poll
7	workers each election in San Francisco; and
8	WHEREAS, Research consistently indicates 16-17 year-olds make voting
9	decisions based on reasoned consideration of their own and larger interests in a fashion
10	similar to older voters; <sup>[17]</sup> and
11	WHEREAS, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors added Rule 2.12.1 <sup>[18]</sup> to the
12	Board of Supervisors' Rules of Order in 2014, providing more opportunities for young
13	people to meaningfully participate in public meetings; and
14	WHEREAS, Many states are enacting laws designed to severely limit
15	communities of color and young people's voting rights, rolling back gains won through a
16	proud history of struggle on behalf of African Americans and groups of young,
17	multiracial activists; and
18	WHEREAS, San Francisco has an opportunity to take bold action to reverse
19	these trends and stand for the political enfranchisement of young people; and
20	WHEREAS, As stated in Section 4.124 of the San Francisco City Charter, the
21	Youth Commission is charged with identifying and proposing solutions to meet the
22	unmet needs and concerns of San Francisco youth; and
23	WHEREAS, The Youth Commission believes that young people's ability to
24	engage in electoral processes that directly impact them is an unmet need; now,
25	therefore, be it
26	RESOLVED, That the Youth Commission urges the Mayor and the Board of
27	Supervisors to lower San Francisco's city and school district voting age eligibility to 16
28	years of age or older; and, be it
29	FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Youth Commission urges the Mayor and the
30	Board of Supervisors to urge San Francisco's elected state representatives—State
31	Senator Scott Wiener, Assembly members Philip Y. Ting and David Chiu—to prepare

legislation that would provide for a state constitutional amendment to reduce the voting 1 2 age to sixteen for all state elections; and, be it 3 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Youth Commission urges the 4 Board of Supervisors to pass a resolution in support of Assembly Constitutional Amendment 8 (ACA-8) and, be it 5 6 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Youth Commission urges the Mayor and the 7 Board of Supervisors to prepare a charter amendment to relevant sections of the San 8 Francisco Charter allowing citizens, and possibly non-citizens, of 16 years of age and older to vote and register in municipal and school district elections held in the City and 9 10 County of San Francisco. 11 12 13 Bahlam Vigil, Chair, 14 2018-19 Youth Commission Adopted on May 6, 2019 15 16 17 [1] http://vote16sf.org/endorsements 18 [2] Lindsay A. Powers, "Takoma Part grants 16-year-olds right to vote," The Washington 19 20 Post, May 14, 2013. Accessed December 6, 2014: 21 http://www.washingtonpost.com/local/takoma-park-grants-16-year-olds-right-tovote/2013/05/14/b27c52c4-bccd-11e2-89c9-3be8095fe767 story.html 22 [3] J.B. Wogan, "Takoma Park Sees High Turnout Among Teens After Election Reform," 23 Governing, November 7, 2013. Accessed December 6, 2014: 24 25 http://www.governing.com/news/headlines/gov-maryland-city-sees-high-turnout-amongteens-after-election-reform.html 26 [4] United Teen Equity Equality Center (Lowell, Massachusetts), "Vote 17." Accessed 27 December 1, 2014; https://www.utec-lowell.org/actnow/vote17 28 29 [5] The Electoral Commission Lothian Chambers, 59--63 George IV Bridge, Edinburgh

EH1 1RN. (2014). The 2014 Scottish Independence Voting Guide. Accessed December

- 1 6, 2014: http://www.electoralcommission.org.uk/ data/assets/pdf\_file/0012/170400/The-
- 2 <u>2014-Scottish-Independence- Referendum-Voting-Guide.pdf</u>
- 3 [6] Eichhorn, Jan, "Will 17 and 17 year olds make a difference in the referendum?"
- 4 Edinburgh: Scot Cen for Social Research (2014). Accessed December 29, 2014.
- 5 http://www.scotcen.org.uk/media/205540/131129 will-16-and-17-years-olds-make-a-
- 6 <u>difference.pdf</u>
- 7 [7] San Francisco Youth Commission Resolution 1617-AL-05 "[Resolution Urging the
- 8 Board of Supervisors to Support Assembly Constitutional Amendment 10, Allowing 17
- 9 year Olds to Vote in State Elections]," adopted April 17, 2017
- 10 [8] San Francisco Youth Commission Resolution 1313—02 "Resolution Urging the San
- 11 Francisco Board of Supervisors and Youth-Serving Commissions to Support the
- 12 Creation of a Youth Voice Policy," adopted March 3, 2014
- 13 [9] San Francisco Youth Commission Resolution 0405—AL013 "Resolution Urging the
- 14 San Francisco Board of Supervisors to Recommend to State Legislators That They
- 15 Allow Local Choice, For Which City or County Could Permit Persons 16 years of Age or
- Older to Vote In City or County Elections," adopted June 6, 2005
- 17 [10] See Board of Supervisor File No. 051215—Urging State Legislators to Permit
- 18 Persons 16 Years of Age or Older to Vote in City and County Elections, Passed on July
- 19 21, 2005. Retrieved at:
- 20 https://sfgov.legistar.com/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=477237&GUID=8E3D3E05-BB1D-
- 21 <u>488F-A1D0-8F0B22AB0739&Options=ID|Text|&Search=538-05</u>
- 22 [11] Hart, Daniel and Atkins, Robert, "American Sixteen- and Seventeen-Year-Olds Are
- 23 Ready to Vote." The Annals of the American Academy of Social Science. Accessed
- December 1, 2014. Accessed at: http://ann.sagepub.com/content/633/1/201
- 25 [12] Elias, Dinas. "The Formation of Voting Habits." *Journal of Elections, Public Opinion*
- 26 and Parties. Accessed December 6, 2014 at:
- 27 http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1080/17457289.2012.718280?tab=permissions#t
- 28 abModule
- 29 [13] Bhatti, Yosef, and Kasper Hansen. "Leaving the Nest and the Social Act of Voting:
- 30 Turnout among First-Time Voters." *Journal of Elections, Public Opinion and Parties* 22,

- 1 no. 4 (2012). Accessed December 29, 2014 at:
- 2 <a href="http://www.kaspermhansen.eu/Work/JEPOP">http://www.kaspermhansen.eu/Work/JEPOP</a> Bhatti&Hansen 2012 young.pdf.
- 3 [14] Hart and Atkins, see supra note 2
- 4 [15] Heather Knight, "Families' exodus leaves S.F. whiter, less diverse," *The San*
- 5 Francisco Chronicle, June 10, 2013. Accessed December 12, 2014:
- 6 http://www.sfgate.com/bayarea/article/Families-exodus-leaves-S-F-whiter-less-diverse-
- 7 3393637.php
- 8 [16] Aaron Sankin, "Families Flee San Francisco: City Has Lowest Percentage Of Kids Of
- 9 Any Major U.S. City," The Huffington Post; San Francisco, March 11, 2012: Accessed
- 10 December 12, 2014. http://www.huffingtonpost.com/2012/03/09/families-flee-san-
- 11 <u>francisco n 1335639.html</u>
- 12 [17] "Voting at 16: Turnout and the Quality of Vote Choice." *Electoral Studies* 31, no. 2
- 13 (2012). Accessed December 29, 2014. <a href="http://ac.els-cdn.com/S0261379412000212/1-">http://ac.els-cdn.com/S0261379412000212/1-</a>
- 14 s2.0-S0261379412000212-main.pdf? tid=1fa2eb02-9237-11e4-a398-
- 15 00000aacb361&acdnat=1420172798 2b922ffa143eaa9603df4a3691b93c3e.
- 16 [18] "Motion amending the Board of Supervisors Rules of Order, by adding Rule 2.12.2,
- to establish communication procedures for hearings on matters related to the Youth
- 18 Commission." San Francisco Board of Supervisors. Accessed December 6, 2014:
- 19 https://sfgov.legistar.com/View.ashx?M=F&ID=3276905&GUID=8ACEC527-F5C4-
- 20 4E6B-99FF-450D9B60A3BE