



San Francisco Juvenile Probation Department Monthly Statistics Through July 2022

PREPARED FOR THE 9/14/22 JUVENILE PROBATION COMMISSION
MEETING

Monthly Data Report

- The Juvenile Probation Department is engaged in efforts to generate more comprehensive, accurate, and meaningful metrics.
- This report compiles data through the month before last (July 2022).
 - A recent daily snapshot of the Juvenile Hall population will be included for the Commission meeting.
- Starting on page 5, each chart slide is preceded by a definition/methodology slide explaining the chart's content.
- Time periods range depending on data availability and are noted on each chart.
- An Executive Summary for the month has been added to slide 3, with headings that hyperlink to relevant graphs in the report.
- Recent Changes: Peak population by month and youth active in programs by month have been added to this presentation in recent months. ALOS by demographics has been removed due to small Ns.

Executive Summary - July

- Referrals: There were 53 referrals, an 96% increase from July 2021.
- Admissions: There were 19 admissions, a 46% increase from July 2021.
- Population: The average daily population was 14 youth, with a peak population of 20 youth.
- Length of Stay: The median LOS for releases was 5 days, similar to recent months but significantly lower than July 2021.
- Caseload: There were 279 youth on active caseload, 7% lower than July 2021.
 - Diversion: 30% of pre-adjudicated cases were being handled through various types of diversion.
- Programs: 62% of youth on active caseload were active in San Francisco programs
- Placements: There were 26 youth in alternative placements, a 41% decrease from July 2021.

- To come: Warrants

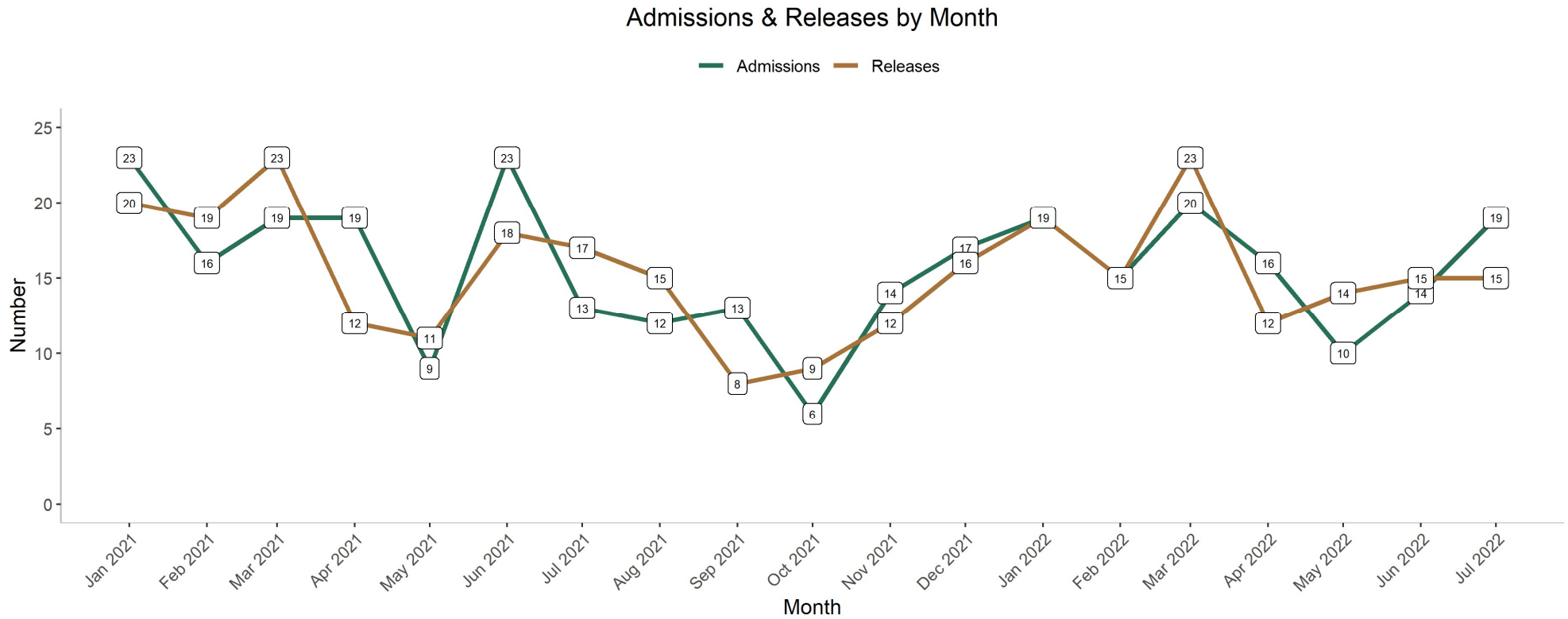
Juvenile Hall Snapshot: 9/12/2022 (N =)

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to be updated prior to the Commission meeting]

JH Chart 1.1 & 1.2: Admissions, Releases, & Population

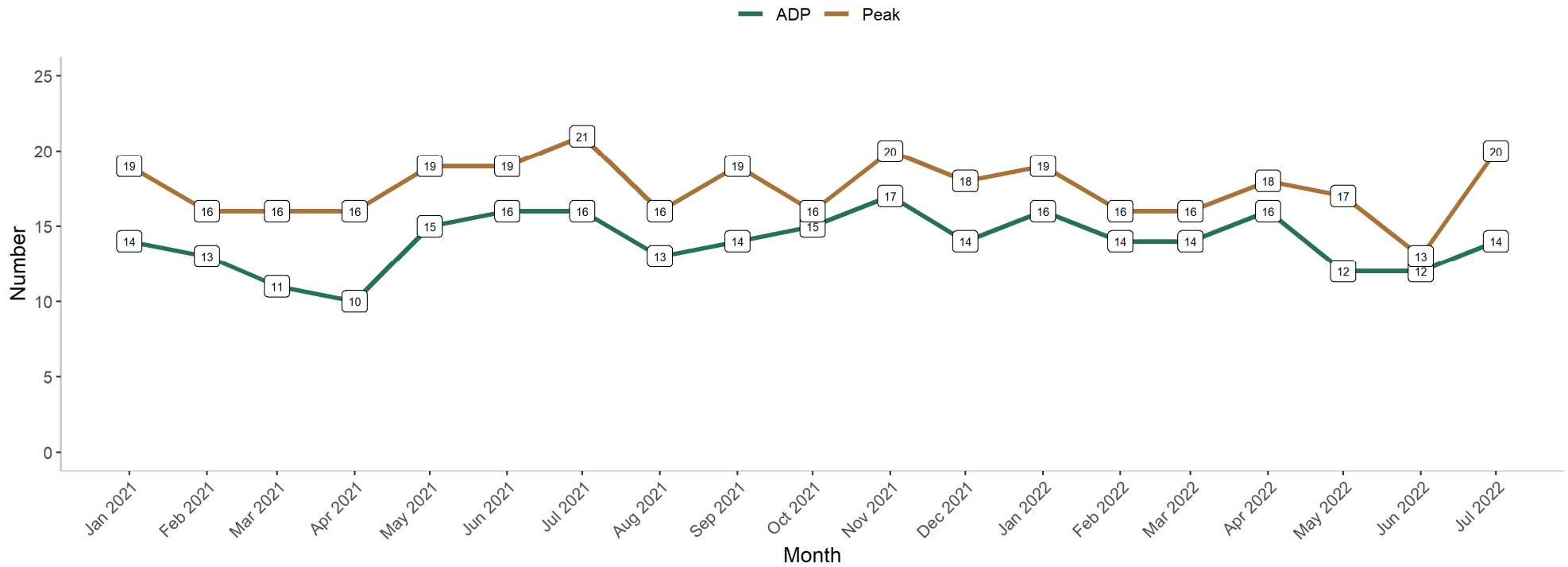
- Description
 - Chart 1.1 displays Juvenile Hall admissions and releases by calendar month.
 - Chart 1.2 displays the average daily population (ADP) by month - the average number of youth in custody per day for each month, & the peak population by month - the highest population count reached each month.
- In July,
 - There were 19 admissions and 15 releases.
 - The ADP was 14 youth and the peak population was 20 youth

JH Chart 1.1: Admissions & Releases



JH Chart 1.2: Average & Peak Population

Average Daily Population & Peak Population by Month

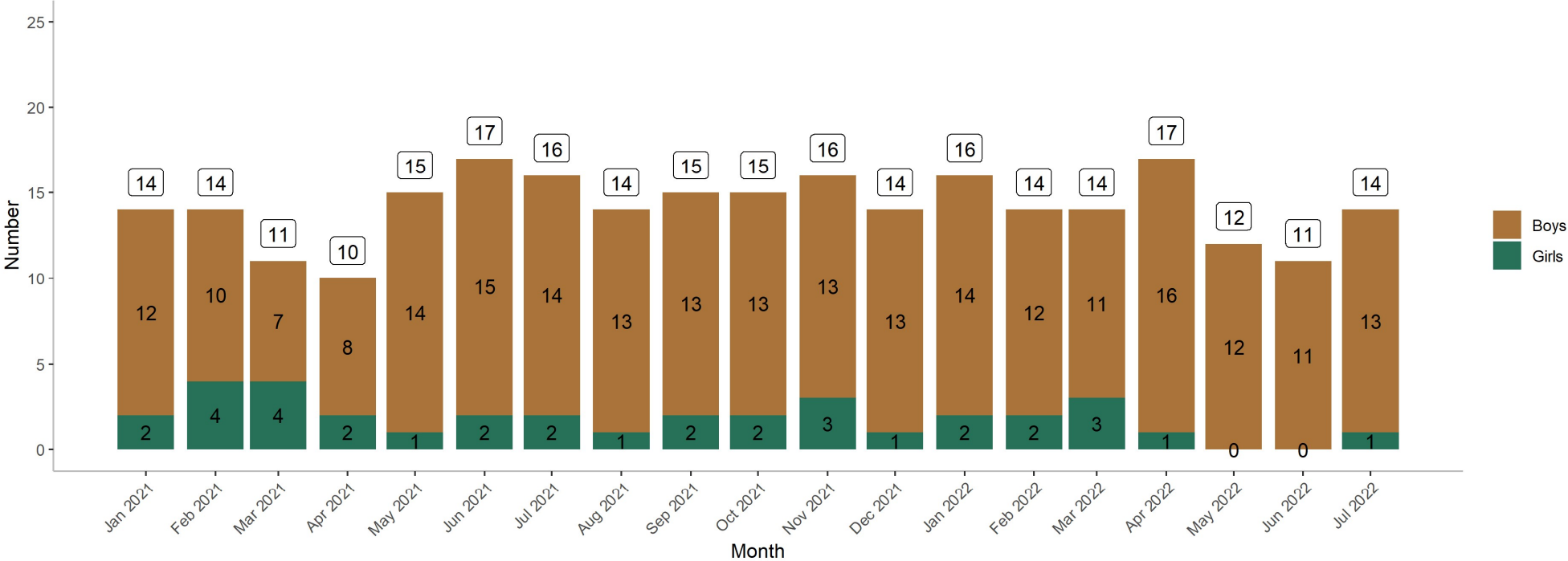


JH Charts 2.1 - 2.3: ADP by Demographics

- Description
 - Charts in this section display Average Daily Population (ADP) of youth in Juvenile Hall by gender (2.1), by race/ethnicity (2.2), and by age (2.3).
 - Note: Due to rounding errors, ADP by demographics may differ from overall ADP.
- In July,
 - The gender breakdown of the ADP in Juvenile Hall was 93% boys.
 - The racial/ethnic breakdown of the ADP in Juvenile Hall was 71% Black youth, 21% Latinx youth, and 7% white youth.
 - The age breakdown of the ADP in Juvenile Hall was over 54% young adults ages 18 and older.

JH Chart 2.1: ADP by Gender

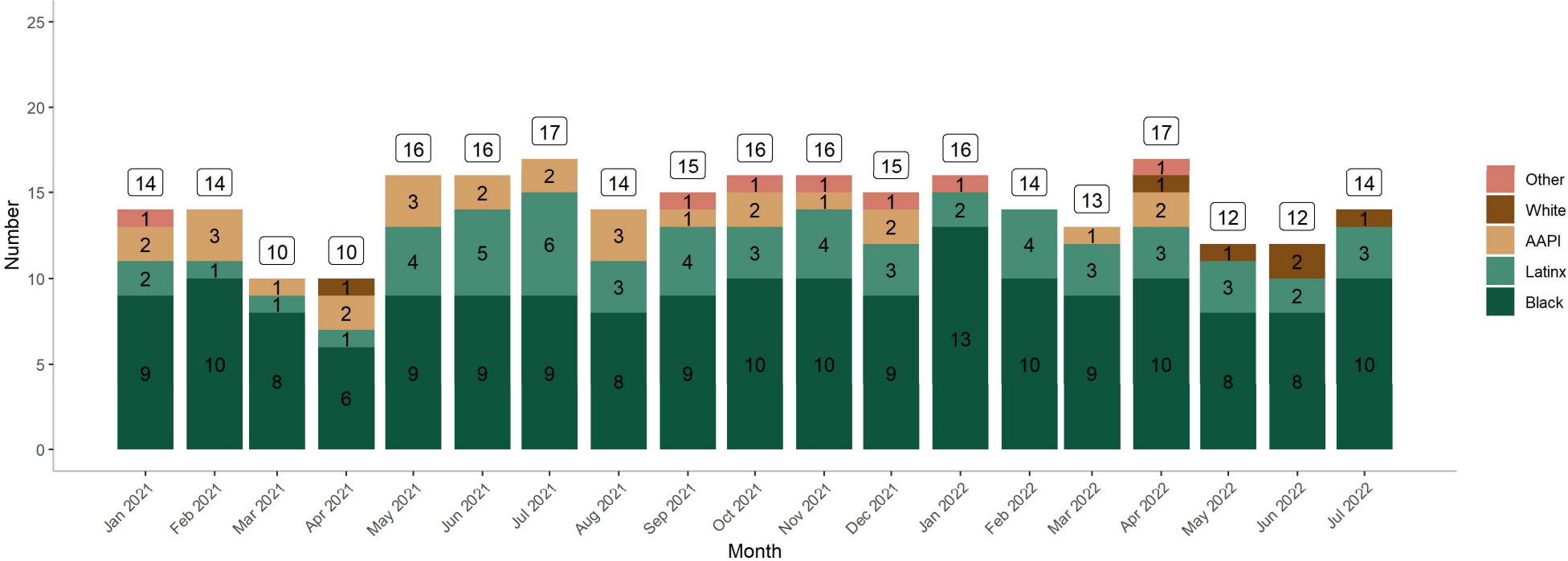
Juvenile Hall ADP by Gender by Month



Note: Due to rounding error, ADP by demographics may differ from overall ADP

JH Chart 2.2: ADP by Race/Ethnicity

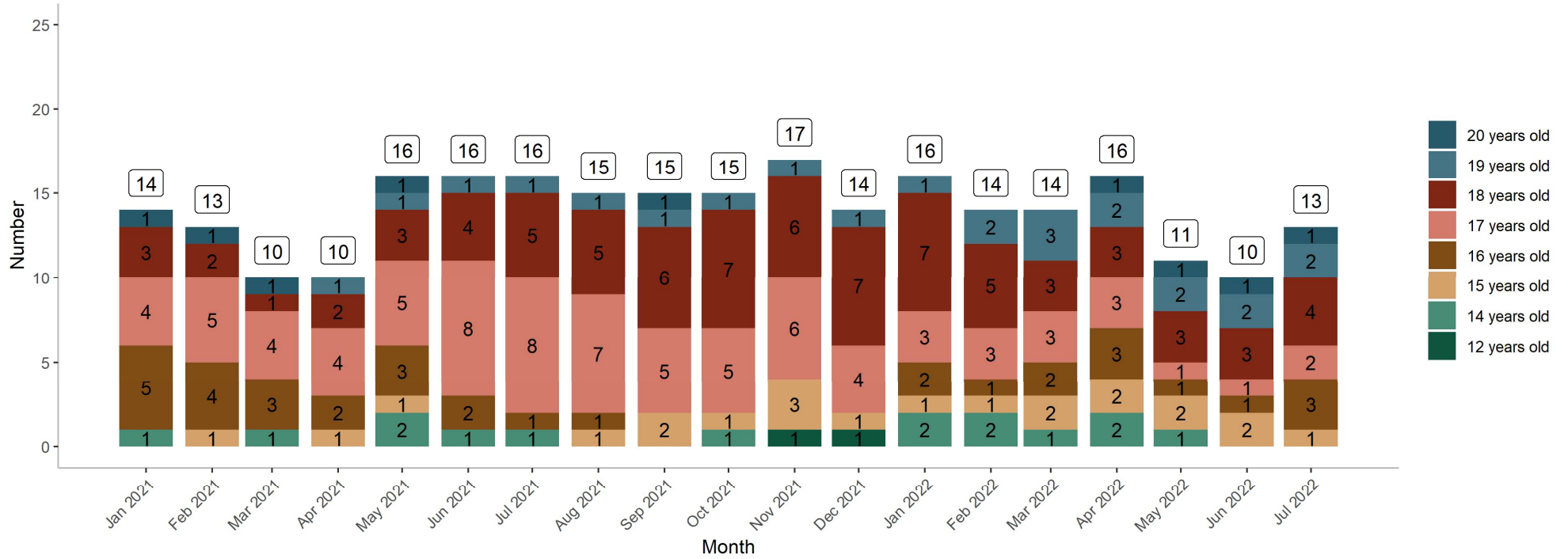
Juvenile Hall ADP by Race/Ethnicity by Month



Note: Due to rounding error, ADP by demographics may differ from overall ADP

JH Chart 2.3: ADP by Age

Juvenile Hall ADP by Age by Month



Note: Due to rounding error, ADP by demographics may differ from overall ADP

JH Charts 3.1 - 3.3: Average Length of Stay

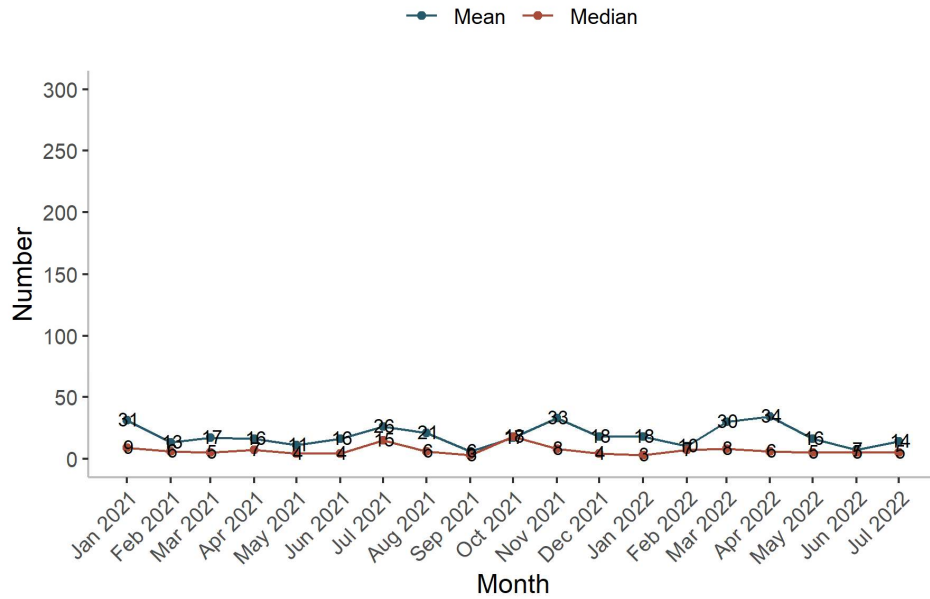
- Description
 - Chart 3.1 shows the range in length of stay for youth released throughout the month and youth in custody on the last day of the month.
 - Charts 3.2 & 3.3 present the mean and median length of stay (ALOS) for: (3.2) youth released each month and (3.3) youth in custody on the last day of the month.
- In July,
 - For the 15 youth released from Juvenile Hall throughout the month, the mean LOS was 14 days and the median LOS was 5 days.
 - For the 14 youth in custody on the last day of the month, the mean LOS for youth in custody was 215 days and the median LOS was 61 days.
 - The very long lengths of stay for youth in custody on the last day of the month were driven by commitments.

JH Chart 3.1: Length of Stay - Range

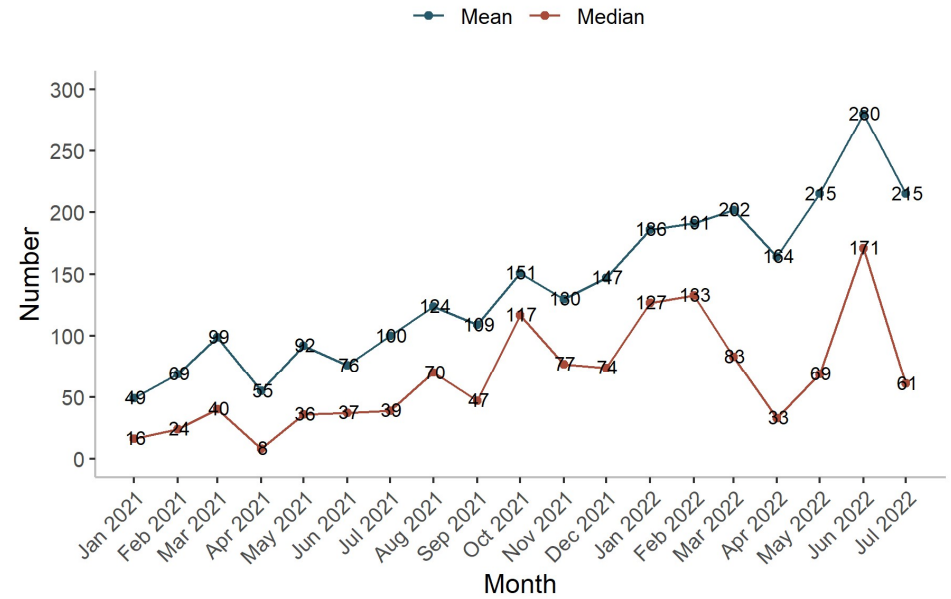
Sample	N	Min	Median	Mean	Max
Youth Released	15	1	5	14	109
Youth in Custody	14	4	61	215	1041
<i>Non-Commitments</i>			10	69	
<i>Commitments</i>			457	478	

JH Charts 3.2 & 3.3: Average Length of Stay

Length of Stay (in Days) for Youth Released Throughout the Month by Month



Length of Stay (in Days) for Youth Detained at the End of the Month by Month

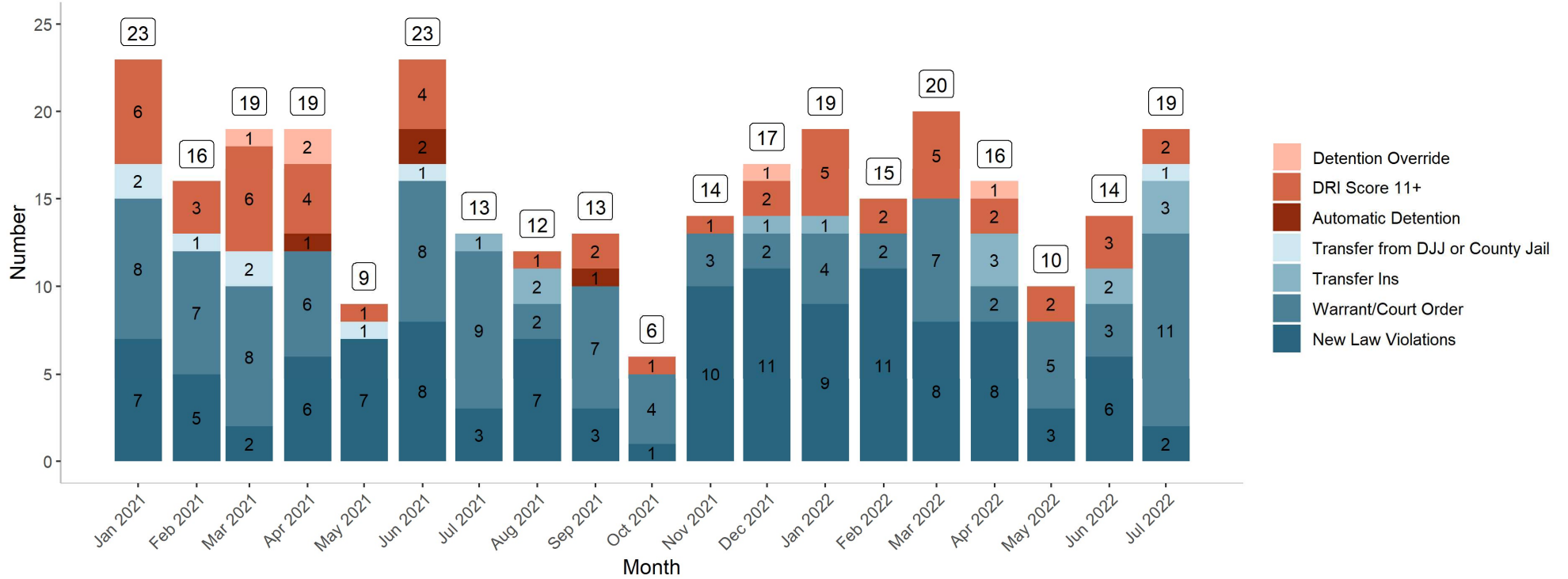


JH Chart 4: Admissions by Primary Reason

- Description
 - Chart 4 displays Juvenile Hall admissions by primary detention reason for the entire month.
 - Law mandates that youth brought into custody for the following must be detained until they can appear before a judge:
 - Youth at least 14 years old, arrested for personal use of a firearm in the attempt or commission of a felony; or any offense listed in Welfare and Institutions Code section 707(b).
 - Youth brought into custody pursuant to a court order, bench warrant, or arrest warrant.
 - Youth transferred in custody from another jurisdiction.
 - Non-mandatory detentions include new law violations that are non-707(b) and/or felonies involving the use of a firearm, and detentions for technical violations-where the DRI outcome recommends detention, or where there was a DRI override.
- In July,
 - There were 19 admissions to Juvenile Hall.
 - 89% were mandatory: 2 new law violations, 11 warrants/court orders, 3 transfer-ins, and 1 transfer from county jail
 - 11% were non-mandatory: 2 DRI scores ≥ 11 for firearm possession

JH Chart 4: Admissions by Primary Reason

Admissions to Juvenile Hall by Primary Detention Reason

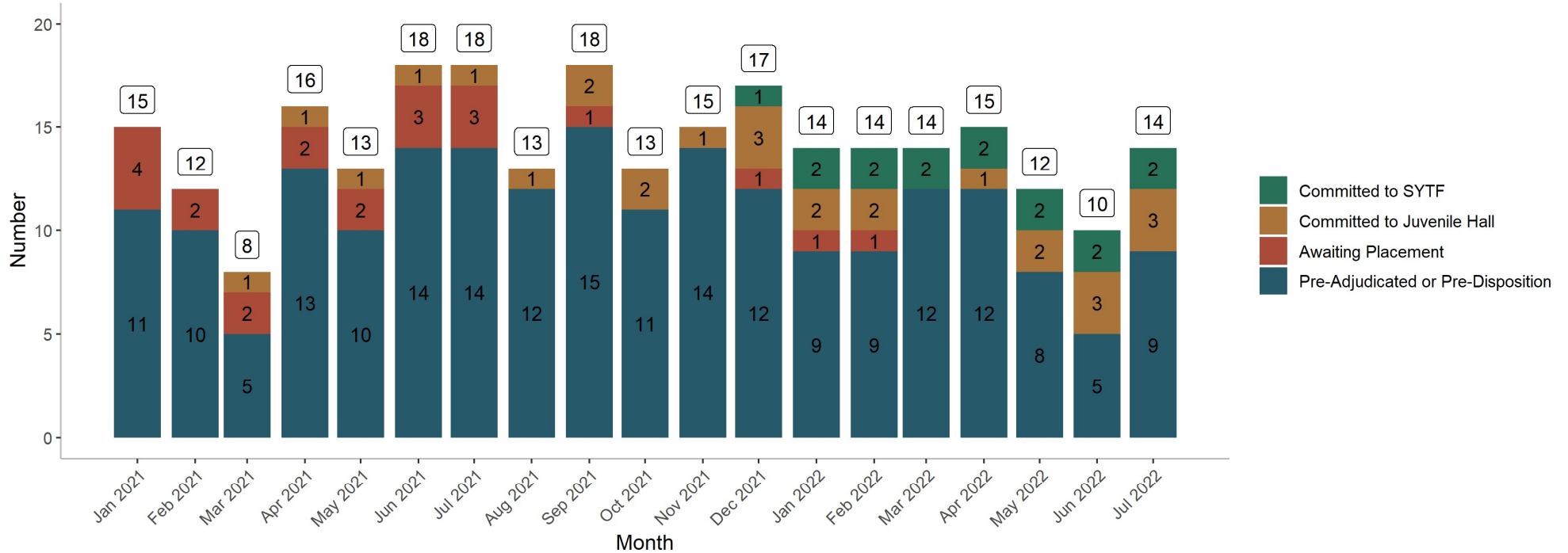


JH Chart 5: Placement Youth in Custody

- Description
 - Chart 5 provides a snapshot of alternative placement youth in custody on the last day of each month.
 - Alternative placement includes youth awaiting adjudication, youth pending disposition, youth awaiting placement, youth committed to Juvenile Hall, and youth committed to Secure Track
- On the last day of July,
 - 36% of youth in custody were alternative placements
 - Note: There were also 2 youth in SF County Jail pending trial
 - Only 2 youth have been in custody awaiting placement on the last day of the month in the first 6 months of 2022, in comparison to 18 youth in the first 6 months of 2021.

JH Chart 5: Placement Youth in Custody

Alternative Placement Youth in Custody on the Last Day of the Month



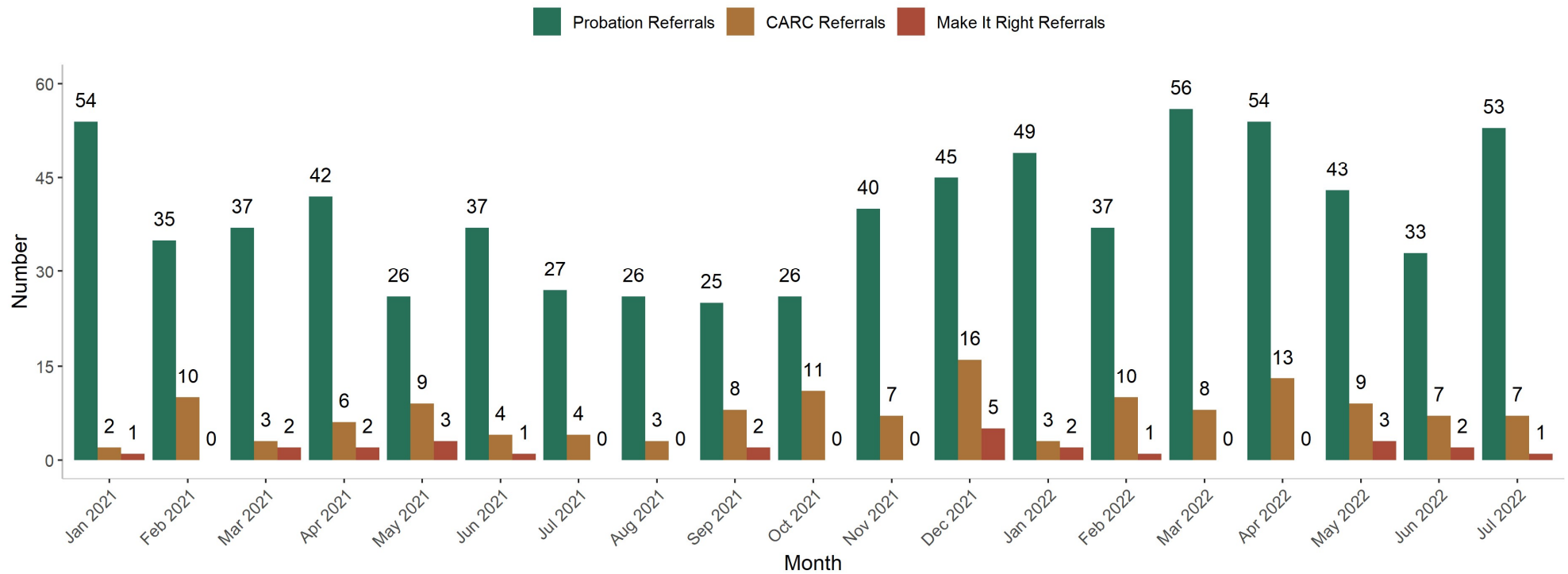
Note: As of July 31, there were also 2 youth in SF County Jail pending trial

PS Chart 1: Probation, CARC, & MIR Referrals

- Description
 - The first Probation Services chart provides statistics about the number of probation referrals, the number of CARC referrals, and the number of referrals to Make it Right each month.
 - CARC & Make it Right are both included in the total number of Probation Referrals.
 - Note: Data on this chart will be refreshed monthly to account for delays in data entry for referrals.
- In July,
 - There were 53 referrals to Probation:
 - 22 were for felonies (42%); 3 of which were for 707(b) offenses (6%)
 - 17 were for misdemeanors (32%)
 - 14 was for warrants/probation violations (26%)
 - There were 7 CARC referrals and 1 Make it Right referral.

PS Chart 1: Probation, CARC, & MIR Referrals

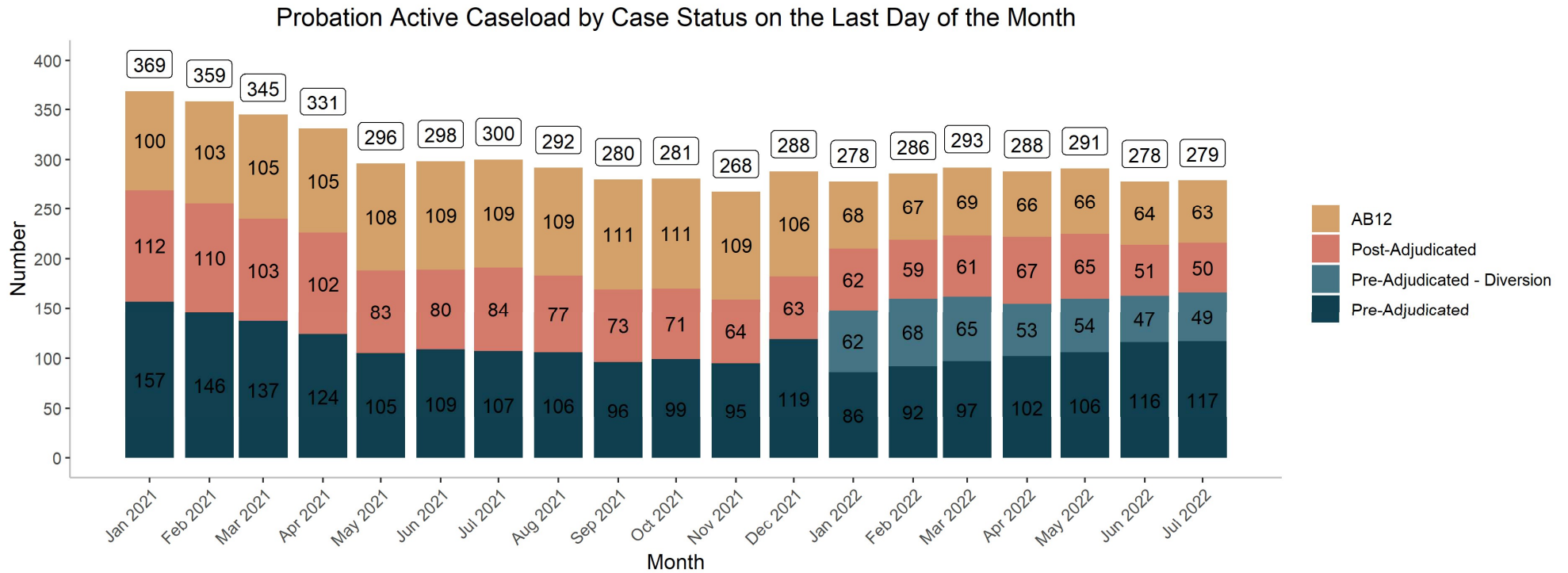
Probation Referrals, CARC Referrals, & Make it Right Referrals by Month



PS Chart 2.1: Probation Active Caseload

- Description
 - Chart 2.1 provides the total number of active cases on JPD's caseload for all units, both pre- and post-adjudication, as well as AB12, as of the last day of the month.
- On the last day of July,
 - The JPD active caseload was 279 youth.
 - There were 166 pre-adjudicated cases, 50 post-adjudicated cases, and 63 AB12 cases.
 - The total active caseload is about 7% lower than this time last year.

PS Chart 2.1: Probation Active Caseload



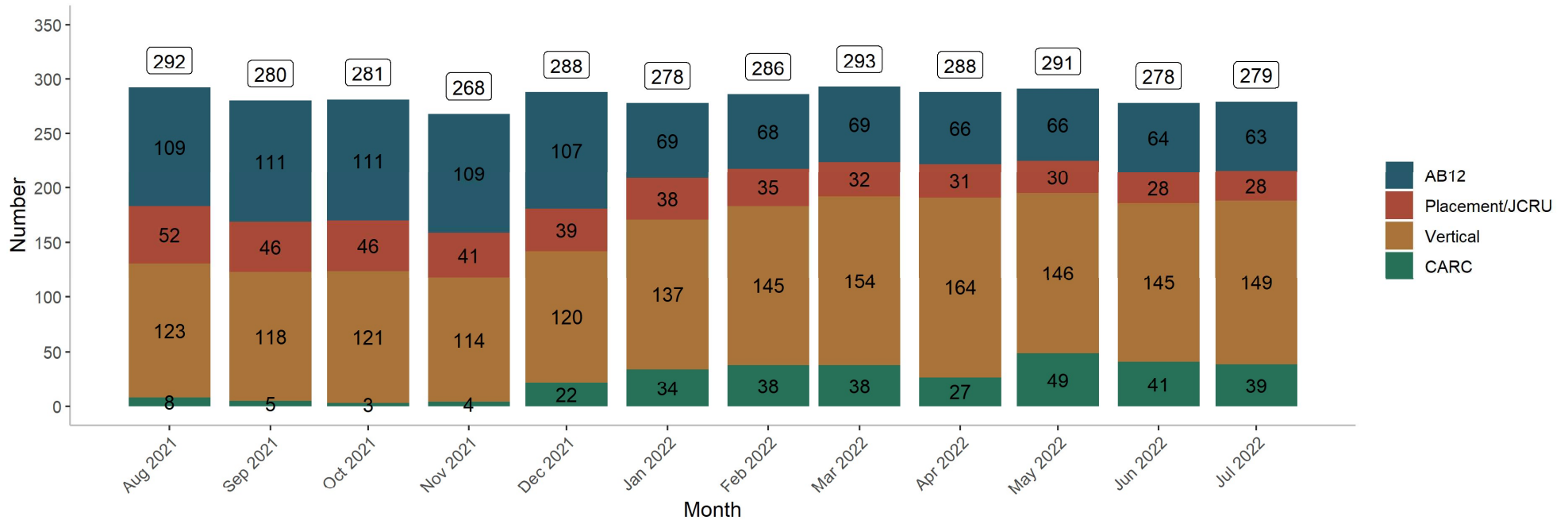
Notes: Diversion includes JPD-monitored and DA-monitored diversion.
Pre-Adjudicated - Diversion data is unavailable prior to 2022.

PS Charts 2.2 & 2.3: Active Caseload by Unit & Average Caseload Size

- Description
 - Chart 2.2 shows active caseload by Unit by month, reflecting the most recent Unit restructurings.
 - In August 2021, Placement and JCRU were merged into a Placement/JCRU Unit and AB12 and RFA were merged into an AB12/RFA Unit. In January 2022, RFA moved to Placement/JCRU. In May 2022, Vertical 1 & Vertical 2 were merged into one Vertical Unit.
 - Chart 2.3 shows the average caseload size per case manager by unit.
 - Note: This includes all JPD staff that carry a caseload, including CARC, as well as JPD's two AB12 social workers.
- On the last day of July,
 - The largest caseload was Vertical at 149 youth and the smallest was Placement/JCRU at 28 youth.
 - The average caseload size per case manager was 19 youth.
 - Vertical had the highest average caseload size per case manager at 25 youth, while Placement/JCRU had the lowest at 9 youth.

PS Chart 2.2: Active Caseload by Unit

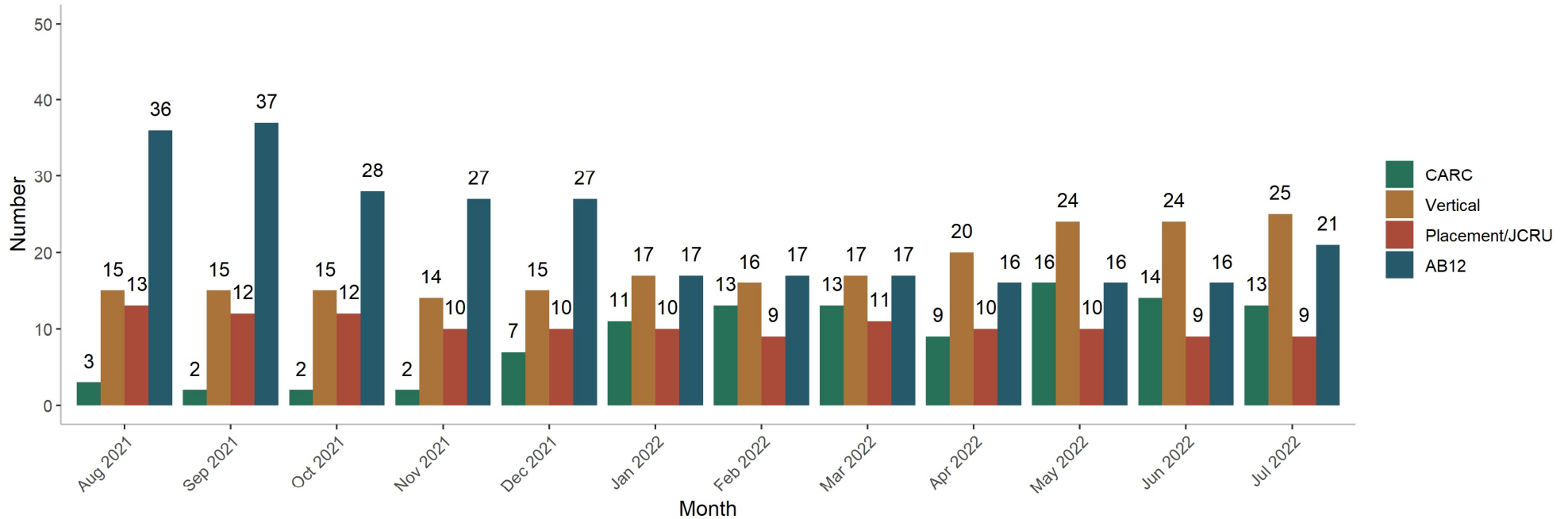
Probation Active Caseload by Unit on the Last Day of the Month



Notes: (1) As of August 2021, CARC is now a banked caseload managed by ODs in addition to their other duties.
 (2) In May 2022, Vertical 1 & Vertical 2 were merged into one Vertical unit. For comparison purposes, both have been combined in earlier months for this figure. Please reference earlier reports to see the two units separated.

PS Chart 2.3: Active Caseload by Average Caseload Size

Average Size of Active Caseload Per Case Manager by Unit on the Last Day of the Month



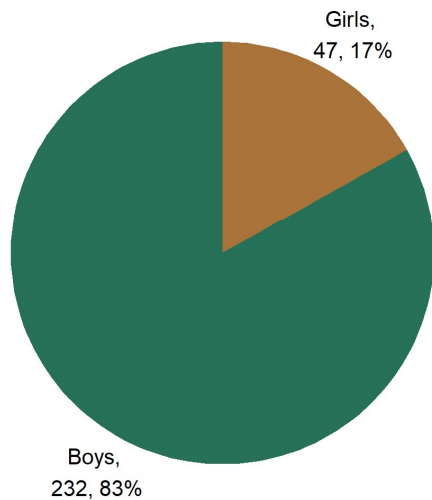
Notes: (1) As of August 2021, CARC is now a banked caseload managed by ODs in addition to their other duties.
 (2) In May 2022, Vertical 1 & Vertical 2 were merged into one Vertical unit. For comparison purposes, both have been combined in earlier months for this figure. Please reference earlier reports to see the two units separated.

PS Chart 2.4 & 2.5: Active Caseload Demographics

- Description
 - The next two slides show active caseload demographics (race/ethnicity, gender, age), residential zip codes, and age as of the last day of the month. Chart 2.4 shows the age breakdown for the active caseload, by Unit.
- As of the last day of July,
 - Girls represented 17% of the active caseload, and boys represented 83%.
 - 48% of the active caseload was Black, 37% was Latinx, 4% was AAPI, 5% was white, and 5% was other/unknown race/ethnicity.
 - 42% of youth supervised by JPD live outside of San Francisco, and 28% of youth live in five zip codes, with the largest group (12%) living in Bayview/Hunter's Point (94124).
 - 45% of JPD's active caseload is 18 or older, with AB12 and Placement/JCRU supervising a larger percentage of young adults than other units.

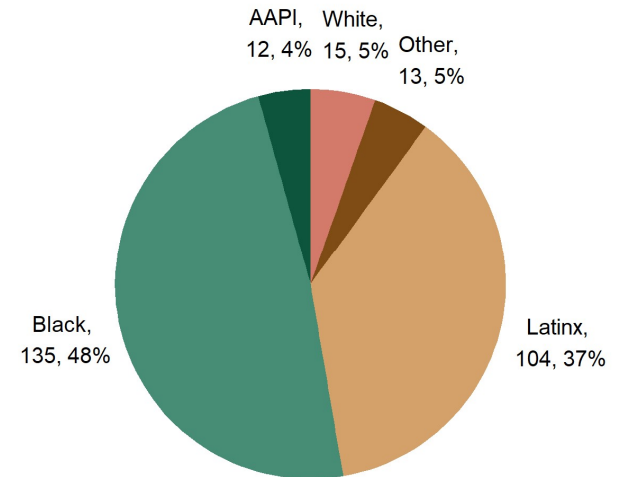
PS Chart 2.4: Active Caseload Demographics

Active Caseload by Gender on the Last Day of the Month

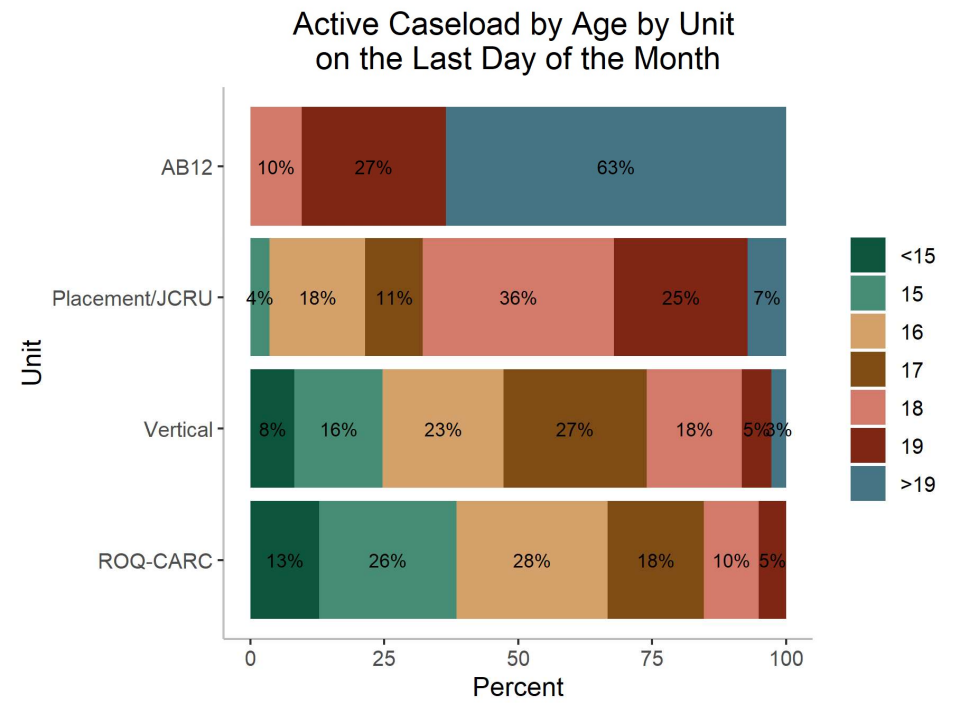
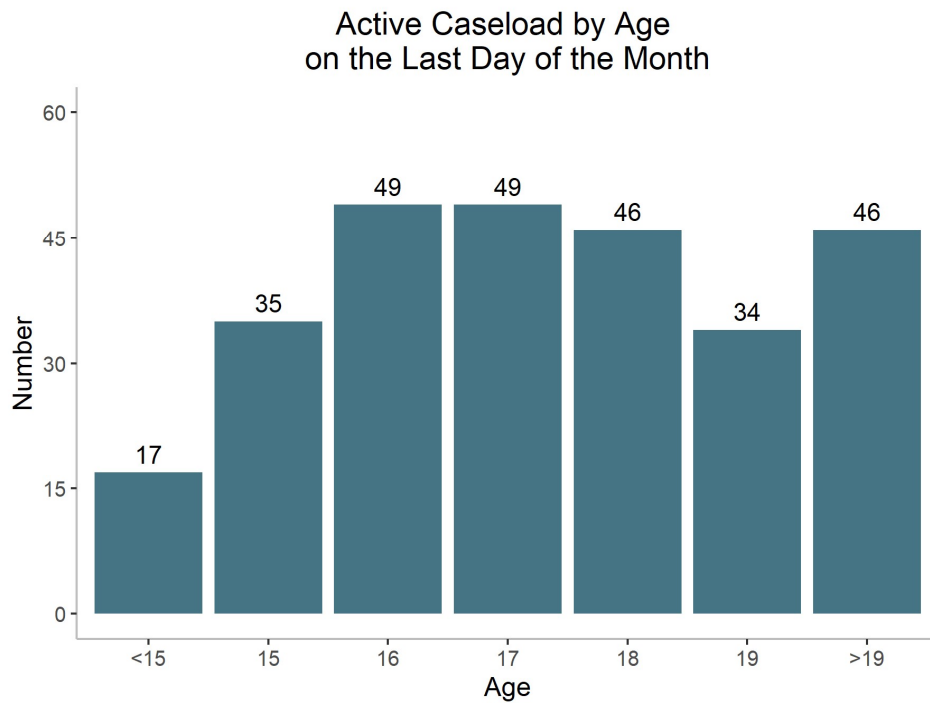


Neighborhood	# of Youth
Out of County	116
Bayview/Hunters Point (94124)	33
Ingleside/Excelsior (94112)	13
Visitacion Valley/Sunnydale (94134)	13
Tenderloin/West. Addition (94102)	10
Western Addition (94115)	9

Active Caseload by Race/Ethnicity on the Last Day of the Month



PS Chart 2.5: Active Caseload Demographics



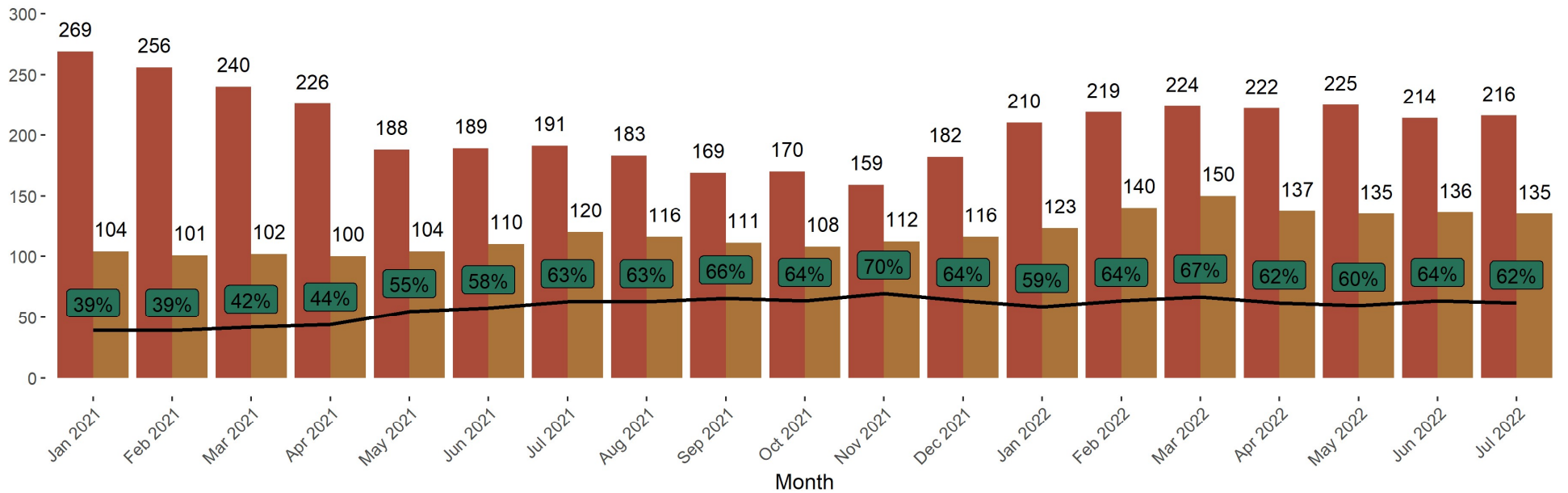
PS Chart 3: Active Caseload Active in Programs

- Description
 - This is a new slide that depicts the percentage of JPD's active caseload that is active in SF programs by month.
 - Note: This figure excludes AB12 from active caseload and program counts due to a lack of programs data in JPD's case management system for AB12 youth.
- As of the last day of July,
 - 62% of youth on active caseload were active in programs
 - Note: Youth active in programs outside of SF will not be captured in this graph.

PS Chart 3: Active Caseload Active in Programs

Youth Active in Programs as % of Active Caseload

■ % Active in Programs ■ Youth Active in Programs ■ Youth on Active Caseload



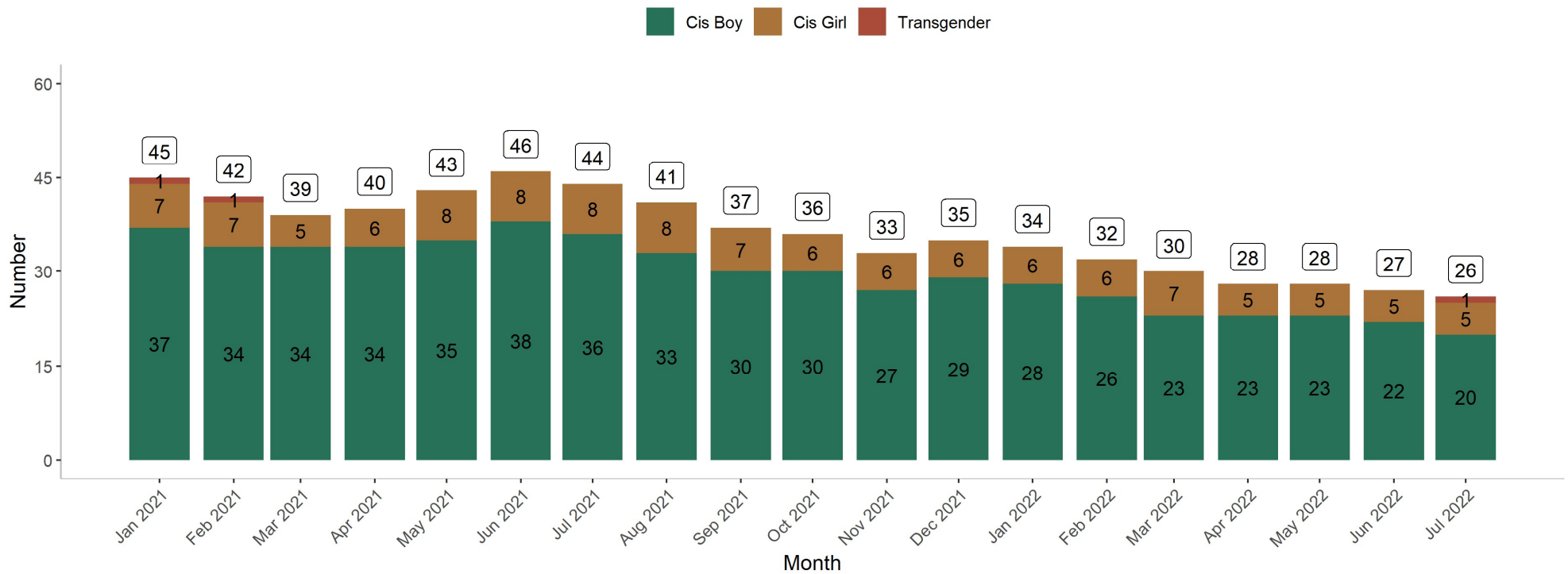
Note: AB12 youth are excluded from this analysis.

PS Chart 4.1 - 4.3: Alternative Placement

- Description
 - Chart 4.1 shows all youth in alternative placements by Gender, as of the last day of each month for all status categories (see Alternative Placement Glossary):
 - Table 4.2 provides details for each alternative placement category, as of the last day of each month.
 - Chart 4.3 provides the county breakdown for all alternative placements as of the last day of the month.
- As of the last day of July,
 - The total alternative placement population was 26 youth, a 41% decrease from the same time last year.
 - 19% of alternative placement youth were placed with resource families, 15% were placed in STRTPs, and 19% were in commitments.

PS Chart 4.1: Alternative Placements by Gender

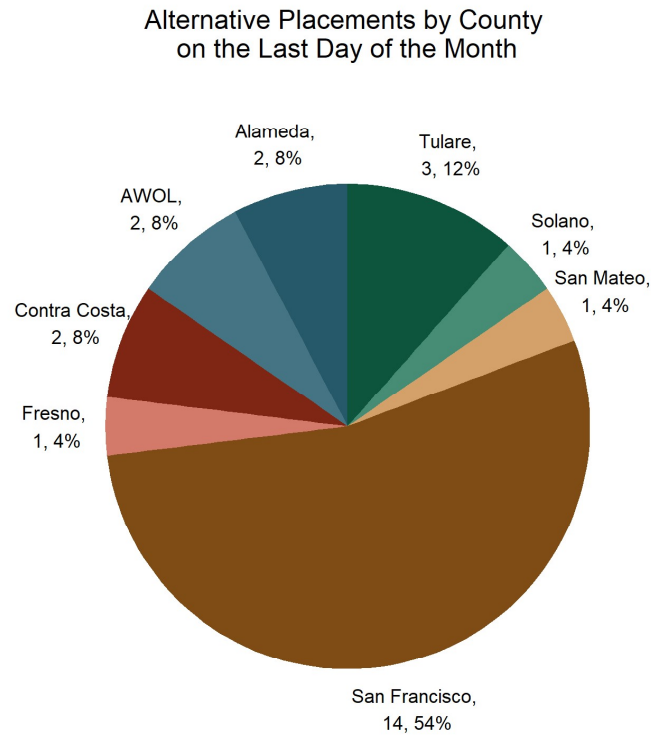
Alternative Placements by Gender on the Last Day of the Month



PS Chart 4.2: Alternative Placements by Details

Alternative Placements	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Avg %
Pending Adjudication	2	4	4	5	2	6	5	4	4	3	4	3	3	2	1	0	1	1	0	8%
Pending Disposition	1	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	3	1	1	5%
Pending Placement	4	2	2	3	4	4	5	1	2	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	5%
STRTP	12	10	7	7	7	3	5	6	6	6	5	5	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	14%
RFA	7	7	8	9	11	11	11	10	6	4	4	6	6	5	6	5	5	6	5	19%
SFUSD Out-of-State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1%
Community Treatment Facility	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Home Trial (Re-Entry)	5	5	1	1	0	3	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	3	4	3	4	4	2	6%
THP+FC	5	4	3	3	3	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	4	3	3	3	2	3	4	11%
THPP	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2%
MHRC	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1%
Residential Treatment Services	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Juvenile Hall/Ranch Commitment	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	4	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	5%
Secure Youth Treatment Facility	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2%
County Jail (adult criminal complaint)	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	4	2	3	2	3	3	7%
AWOL	5	6	9	6	7	8	7	6	5	8	8	6	3	4	5	4	2	1	2	15%
Warrant Hold	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Total	45	42	39	40	43	46	44	41	37	36	33	35	34	32	30	28	28	27	26	100%

PS Chart 4.3: Alternative Placements by County



Alternative Placement Glossary

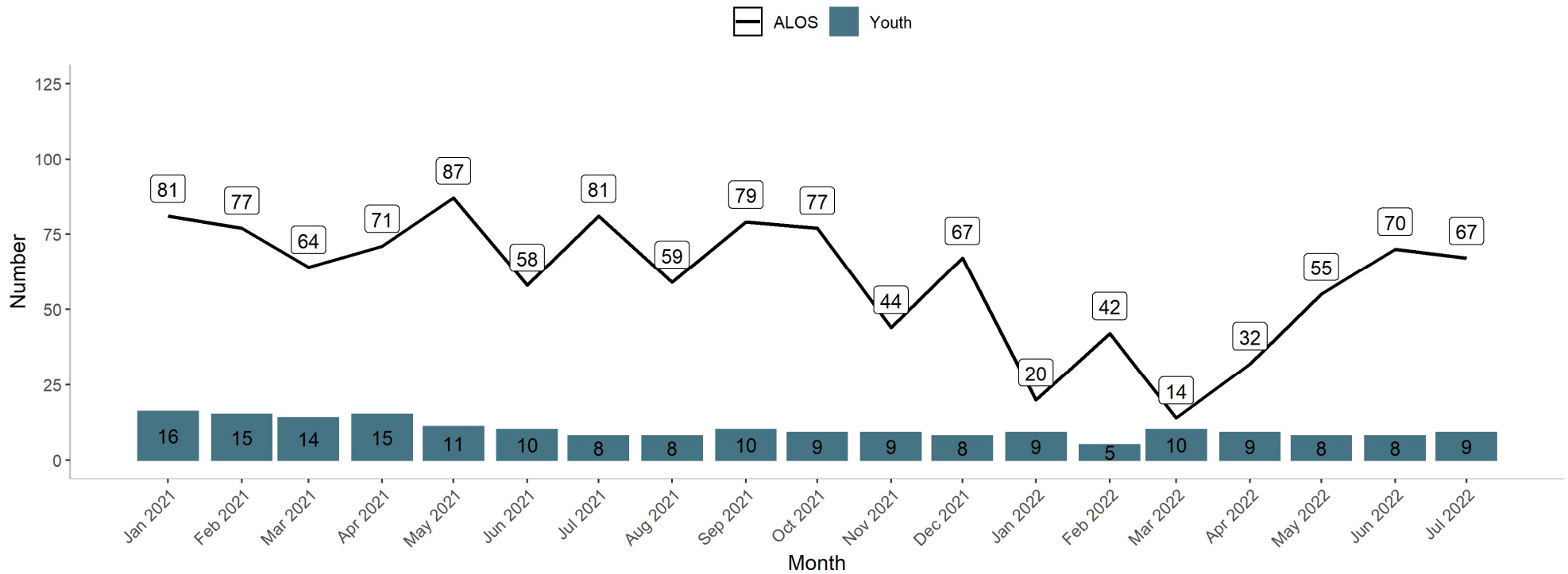
Status	Definition
Pending Adjudication	When a youth previously ordered to out of home placement who has a petition filed and is moving through the court process however, the petition has yet to be found true or dismissed.
Pending Disposition	When a youth who has sustained charges and is now awaiting disposition or the court to make a determination on the outcome of the case.
Pending Placement	When a youth who has been committed to out of home placement by the court but is waiting for interviews, notice of acceptance, and the scheduling of transportation is pending placement.
RFA	A Resource Family (RFA) is a caregiver who provides out-of-home care for children in foster care.
STRTP	Short-term Residential Therapeutic Program (STRTP), formerly referred to as a Group Home, is a residential facility operated by a public agency or private organization that provides an integrated program of specialized and intensive care and supervision, services and supports, treatment, and short-term 24-hour care and supervision to children and nonminor dependents.
SFUSD (Out-of-State STRTP)	When a youth has been placed in an STRTP outside of California by the San Francisco Unified School District.
Community Treatment Facility	A Community Treatment Facility is a locked facility that provides intensive clinical services to the highest needs youth experiencing mental health challenges.
Home Trial (Re-Entry)	Home Trial is the period a youth is provided by the Court upon returning from an STRTP.
THP + FC	Transitional Housing Placement-Plus Foster Care (THP+FC), also referred to as AB 12, allows eligible foster youth to extend foster care beyond age 18 and up to age 21. The eligible foster youth are designated Non-Minor Dependents (NMDs) and are entitled to various foster placement options including Supervised Independent Living Settings (SILPs).
THPP	The Transitional Housing Placement Program (THPP) is a community care licensed placement opportunity for youth in foster care between the ages of 16 and 18 years old. The goal of THPP is to help participants emancipate successfully by providing a safe environment for youth, while learning skills that can make them self-sufficient.
MHRC	A Mental Health Rehabilitative Center (MHRC) is a program where adults that have mental health issues that prevent their ability to live independently reside.
Residential Treatment Services	A Residential Treatment Services facility is an adult facility that delivers specific services but does not qualify as a THPP.
Juvenile Hall/Ranch Commitment	When the Court orders a youth to remain in Juvenile Hall or orders them to a ranch as their Disposition.
Secure Track Commitment	Due to the closure of DJJ, youth who would have previously been eligible to be committed to DJJ are now eligible to be committed to a Secure Youth Treatment Facility (SYTF). Currently, San Francisco is using Juvenile Hall as its SYTF.
County Jail (adult criminal complaint)	When a young adult (18+) has an outstanding juvenile warrant and is in county jail due to adult charges.
AWOL	When a youth leaves their court ordered placement or home without approval or consent of the program or parent/guardian/caregiver.

PS Chart 5: Electronic Monitoring

- Description
 - Chart 4 provides data about the number of youth on electronic monitoring as of the last day of each month and the average length of monitoring.
- As of the last day of July,
 - There were 9 youth on electronic monitoring, with an average length of monitoring of 67 days
 - 78% were boys
 - 56% were Black, 44% were Latinx
 - There were 0 youth on alcohol monitoring

PS Chart 5: Electronic Monitoring

Youth Active on Electronic Monitoring on the Last Day of the Month and ALOS on Electronic Monitoring

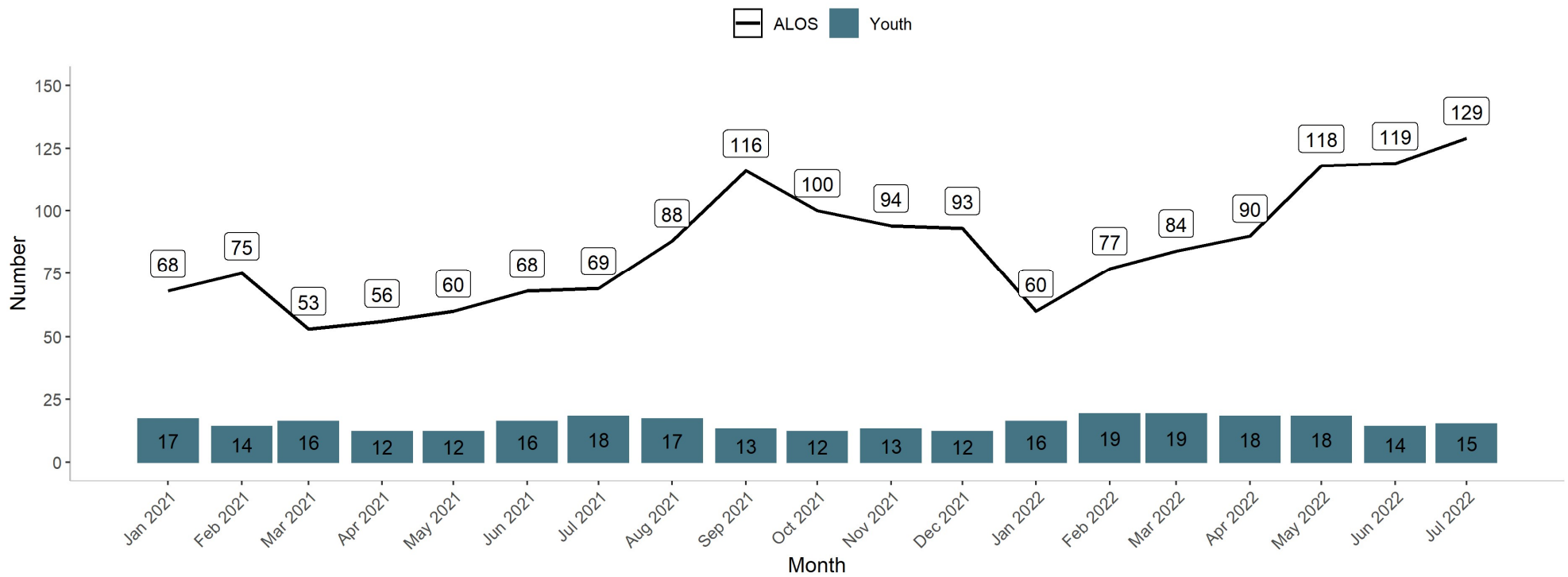


PS Chart 6: Home Detention

- Description
 - Chart 5 provides data for the number of youth on Home Detention as of the last day of the month.
 - Chart 5 also shows the average length of Home Detention on the last day of the month.
- As of the last day of July,
 - There were 15 youth on Home Detention. The average length of stay was 129 days.
 - 80% were boys
 - 47% were Black and 53% were Latinx
 - 80% were pre-adjudicated

PS Chart 6: Home Detention

Youth Active on Home Detention on the Last Day of the Month and ALOS on Home Detention

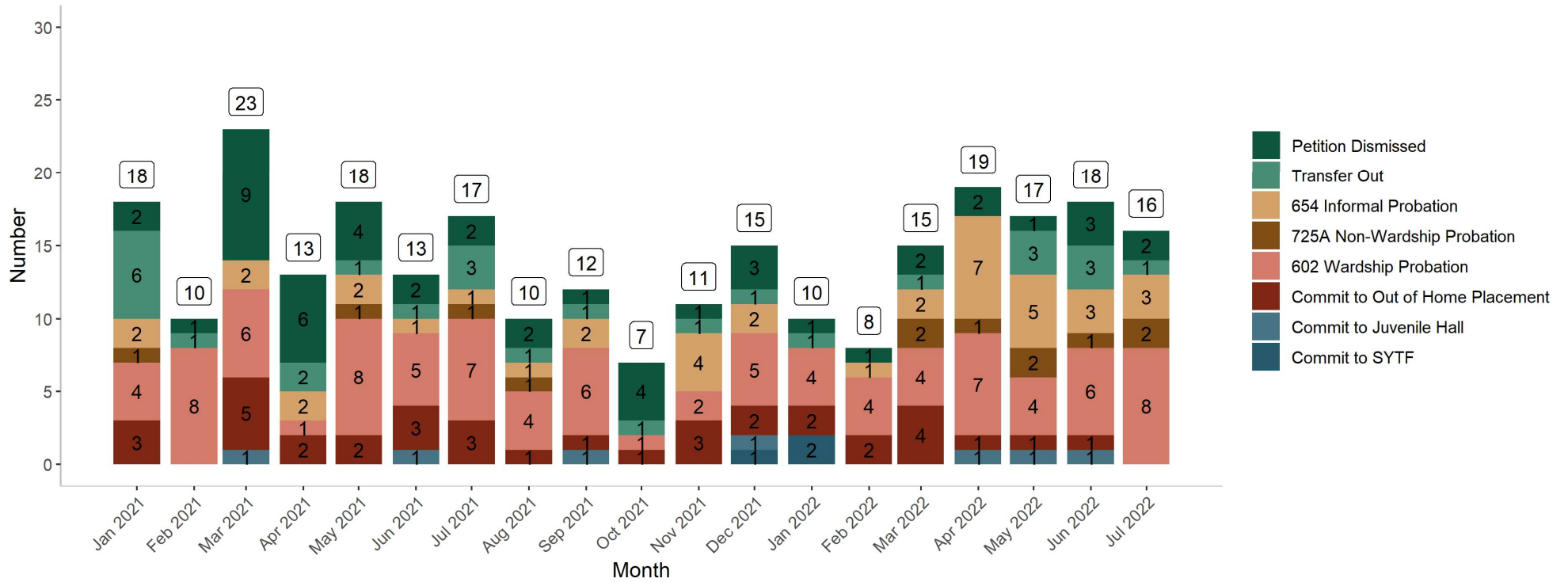


PS Chart 7: Petition Dispositions

- Description
 - Chart 6 shows all petition dispositions by month.
- Since the start of 2021,
 - 4% resulted in commitments to SYTF or Juvenile Hall
 - 14% resulted in out of home placement (commit + recommit to out of home placement)
 - 34% of dispositions resulted in wardship probation (ward probation + wardship redeclared).
 - 4% resulted in 725(a) non wardship probation
 - 14% resulted in 654 informal probation
 - 10% resulted in transfers out
 - 19% resulted in dismissals

PS Chart 7: Petition Dispositions

Petition Dispositions by Month





THANK YOU

QUESTIONS?