

Housing Opportunity Sites Analysis in Western SoMa

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Photo by: Dolly, 4/12/07

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- Introduction
- Project Description
- Methodology
- Examples
- Recommendations



Introduction

Urban Studies Senior Seminar



- “Combine theory, methods, knowledge and skills in the context of client-serving projects in the external community”
- Teaches students to solve urban and planning problems
- Experience Gained
- Client Concept and Team Concept

How to Maximize Housing Opportunities

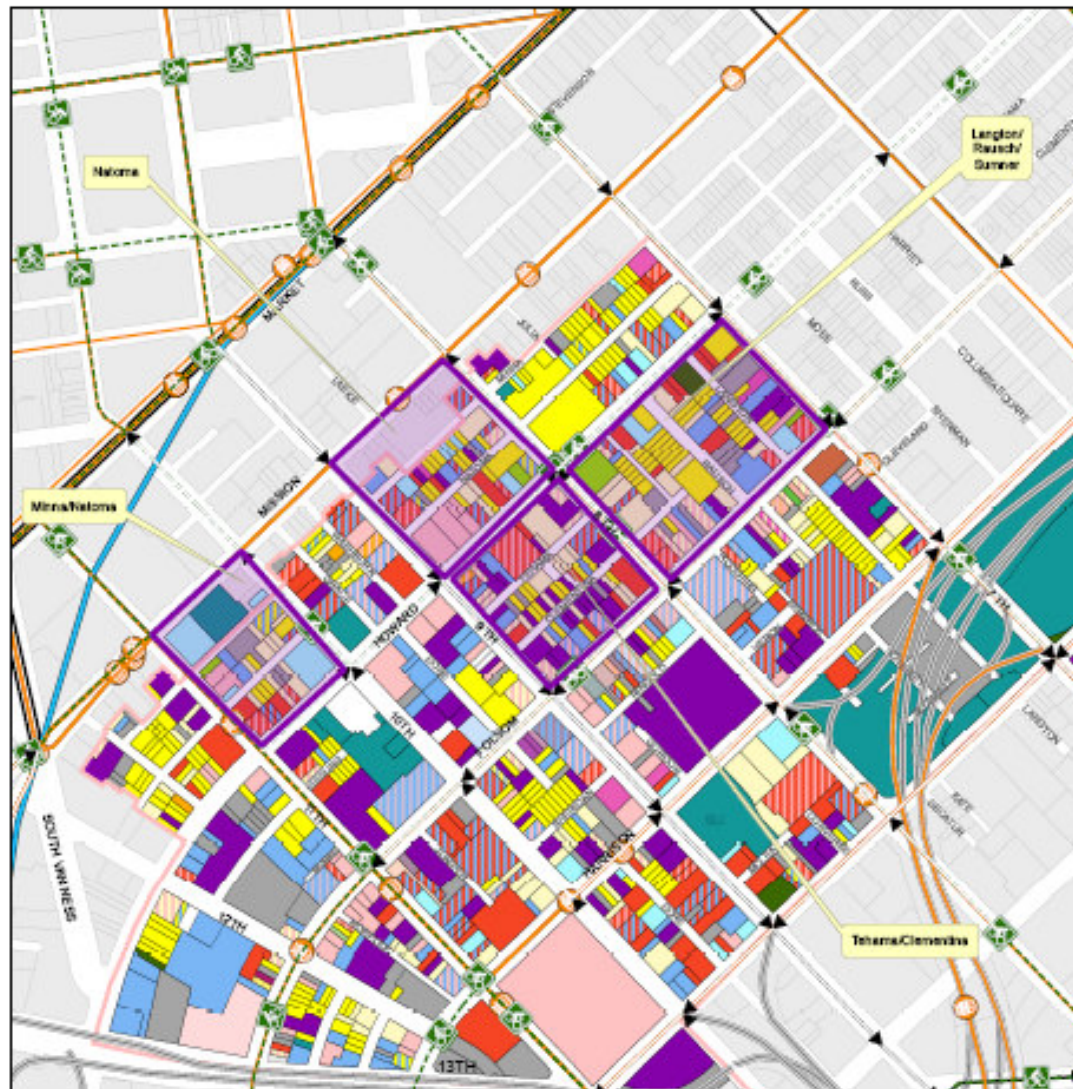
- Finding Suitable Sites
- Alleys vs. Main Arterials
- Proximity to Amenities



Photo by: Marshall, 4/14/07



Photo by: Marshall, 4/14/07



Existing Land Uses & Transportation Modes Overlay

Western South of Market

DRAFT 4/27/07

Existing Land Uses

- Residential
- Light Commercial
- Office
- Public
- Light Industrial - Light
- Light Industrial - Medium
- Mixed Light Industrial/Residential
- Mixed Light Industrial/Office
- Mixed Light Industrial/Industrial
- Mixed Industrial/Residential
- Mixed Industrial/Office
- Mixed Industrial/Industrial
- Mixed Industrial/Other
- Mixed Other
- Institutional/Public
- Open Space
- Parkland
- Vacant Building
- Vacant Lot/Parking
- Mining/Information
- Presidential Districts
- Modern South S.D.

Transportation Mode Types

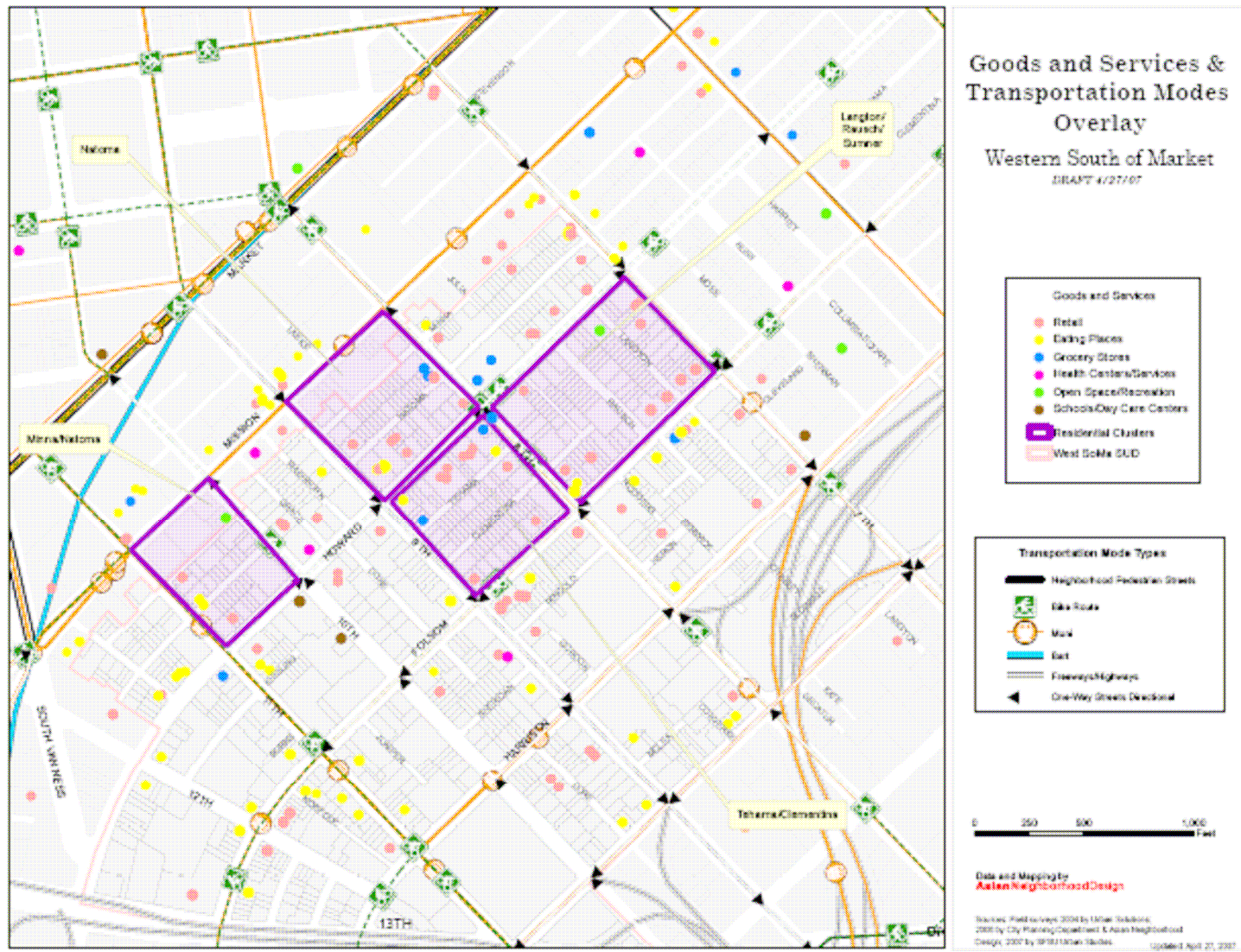
- Neighborhood Pedestrian Streets
- Bike Route
- Muni
- Bart
- Freeway/Highways
- One-Way Streets Directional

0 250 500 1,000 Feet

Date and Mapping by
AsianNeighborhoodDesign

Sources: Field surveys 2004 by Urban Solutions;
2005 by City Planning Department & Asian Neighborhood
Design; 2007 by SPUR Urban Studies.

Updated April 21, 2007



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Project Description

- Identify and evaluate affordable housing opportunity sites
- Develop a new methodology for selecting affordable housing sites
- Possible mixed enclave districts for the future?

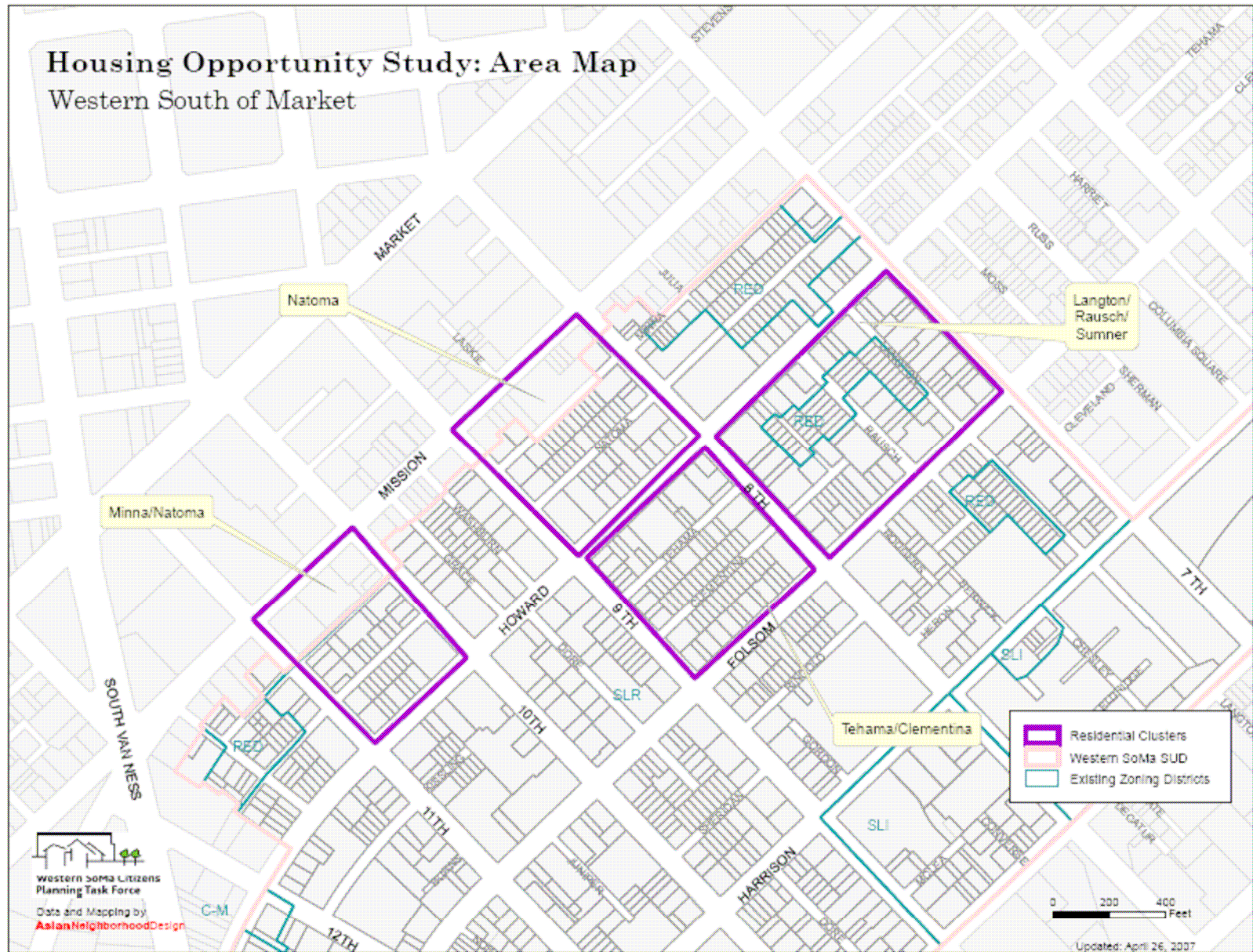


Photo by: Annie, 4/10/07

South of Market Western South of Market



Source: Asian Neighborhood Design, April 27, 2007



Source: Asian Neighborhood Design, April 27, 2007

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Photo by: Marshall, 3/31/07

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Methodology

- Literature Review: Case Studies
- Interviewed Developers
- Developed Housing Suitability Criteria
- Survey Design
- Field Visits
- Rated Suitability of Potential Affordable Housing



Methodology

Literature Review: Case Studies

- Boston's Back Streets Program
 - Created in 2001 to support and protect industrially based businesses (Miara, 2002)
 - The Task Force is alike in the respect that they addressed the need to preserve industrial businesses through planning and zoning (Web site: www.cityofboston.gov/bra/backstreets/backstreets.asp)
- Docklands, London
 - Decline of industrial jobs (Florio and Brownill, 2000)
 - Transformation of industrial uses to commercial office spaces (Gordon, 2001)
 - Office spaces turned lofts due to real estate slump (Hamnett and Whitelegg, 2007)
 - SoMa is similar due to the physical changes in the structure of a neighborhood



Methodology

Interviewed Developers and Project Managers

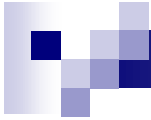
- Reuben Hechanova, Mission Housing Development Corporation
- Kevin Kitchingham, Bernal Heights Neighborhood Center
- Andrea Papanastassiou, Mid-Peninsula Housing Coalition
- Timothy Dunn, TODCO



Methodology

Developed Housing Suitability Criteria

1. Development capacity of site
2. Potential for adaptive reuse
3. Residential compatibility with adjacent uses
4. Proximity/ access to residential goods and services
5. Public realm conditions



Methodology

Survey Design

A Sample of our Survey Instrument

Residential compatibility with adjacent uses

1. Uses of adjacent buildings (Land use type and codes above):

To the Right of Parcel: _____

To the Left of the Parcel: _____

To the Front of the Parcel: _____

To the Back of the Parcel: _____

2. Would potential housing be compatible with adjacent use (Yes/No) _____

Notes/details (e.g. are nearby uses health hazards, toxins, hazardous waste, pollutants)

3. What are the adjacent building heights: To the right:_____ To the left:_____
To the front:_____ To the back:_____

4. Are there any existing odors (Yes/No) _____

5. Are there adjacent outdoor storage or work area (Yes/No): _____

6. Is there traffic noise? (Yes/No) _____

If yes, explain: (ex- Heavy traffic noise when on main streets, indirect traffic noise from main streets when in alley, light traffic when in alley) _____

7. How close is it to the nearest residential use (count by parcels): _____

Methodology

Field Work

- Survey Instrument
- Sanborn Maps
- Existing Land Use Maps
- Asian Neighborhood Design Database
- Camera



Photo by: Annie, 3/31/07



Methodology

Rated Suitability of Potential Affordable Housing

Created a Rating System

DEVELOPMENT CAPACITY

Rough calculation of units

Points Given:

0-5= 0	51-55= 10
6-10= 1	56-60= 11
11-15= 2	61-65= 12
16-20= 3	66-70= 13
21-25= 4	71-75= 14
26-30= 5	76-80= 15
31-35= 6	81-85= 16
36-40= 7	86-90= 17
41-45= 8	91-95= 18
46-50= 9	96-100= 19
	100+= 20

For Sale

Points Given:

Yes = 10
No = 0

POTENTIAL FOR ADAPTIVE REUSE

Condition of Building

Points Given:

New/Recently Rehabilitated/Invested = 0
Unimproved/Fair = 1
Poor/Vacant (e.g. broken windows graffiti) = 2

Historic Building Classification

Points Given:

Yes = 0
No = 1

Land Use Code of Existing Building

Points Given:

Vacant Lot/ Parking = 15
Office = 12
Mixed Use Housing (not including housing)
Retail/eating/drinking, Inst./Public = 9
Anything light/medium industry = 6
Housing/ anything mixed use with housing, SRO
hotel/tourist hotel = 3
Open Space/Recreation = 0

RESIDENTIAL COMPATIBILITY WITH ADJACENT USES

Land uses of surrounding buildings

Points Given:

Housing/ any use Mixed with Housing/ SRO Tourist
Hotel= 15
Open Space/ Recreation= 12
Vacant lot/ Parking Lot= 9
Office = 6
Retail/ Eating/ Drinking, Instit/ Public Space= 3
Anything Light-Medium Industry= 0

Compatible with adjacent uses

Points Given:

Yes = 5
No = 0

Average Height of Surrounding Buildings

Points Given:

1 = 0
2 = 5
3 = 10
4 = 15

Vacant

Points Given:

Yes = 10
No = 0



Created a Rating System, Continued

RESIDENTIAL COMPATIBILITY WITH ADJACENT USES, CONTINUED

Outdoor Work Area

Points Given:

Yes = 0

No = 1

Nearest Residential Parcel

Points Given:

1 = 4

2 = 2

3+ = 0

PROXIMITY TO RESIDENTIAL GOODS AND SERVICES

Proximities to Residential Goods and Services

Points Given:

.5 = 10

1 = 8

1.5 = 6

2 = 4

2.5 = 2

3+ = 0

PUBLIC REALM CONDITIONS

Number of Street Lights

Points Given:

0-1= 0

2-3= 1

4+= 2

Condition of Sidewalk

Points Given:

Perfect Condition= 2

Fair Condition= 1

In Disrepair= 0

Number of Trees

Points Given:

0-5= 0

6-15= 1

16-25= 2

26+= 3

Number of Curb Cuts

Points Given:

0-10= 2

11-20= 1

21+= 0

Trucks Double Parking

Points Given:

Yes = 0

No = 1

Trucks Blocking Sidewalk

Points Given:

Yes = 0

No = 1

Traffic Noise

Points Given:

Heavy = 0

Indirect Traffic Noise = 1

Noise = 2



Methodology

Rated Suitability of Potential Affordable Housing, Continued

- Short vs. long survey rating system
Short survey: Rated each parcel in the 4 clusters Long
survey: Rated 3 parcels in 2 clusters
- Rated each cluster with short survey
- Identified thresholds
Optimal: 67-55 points Fair: 54-44 points
Poor: 41-29 points
- Selected parcels for long survey

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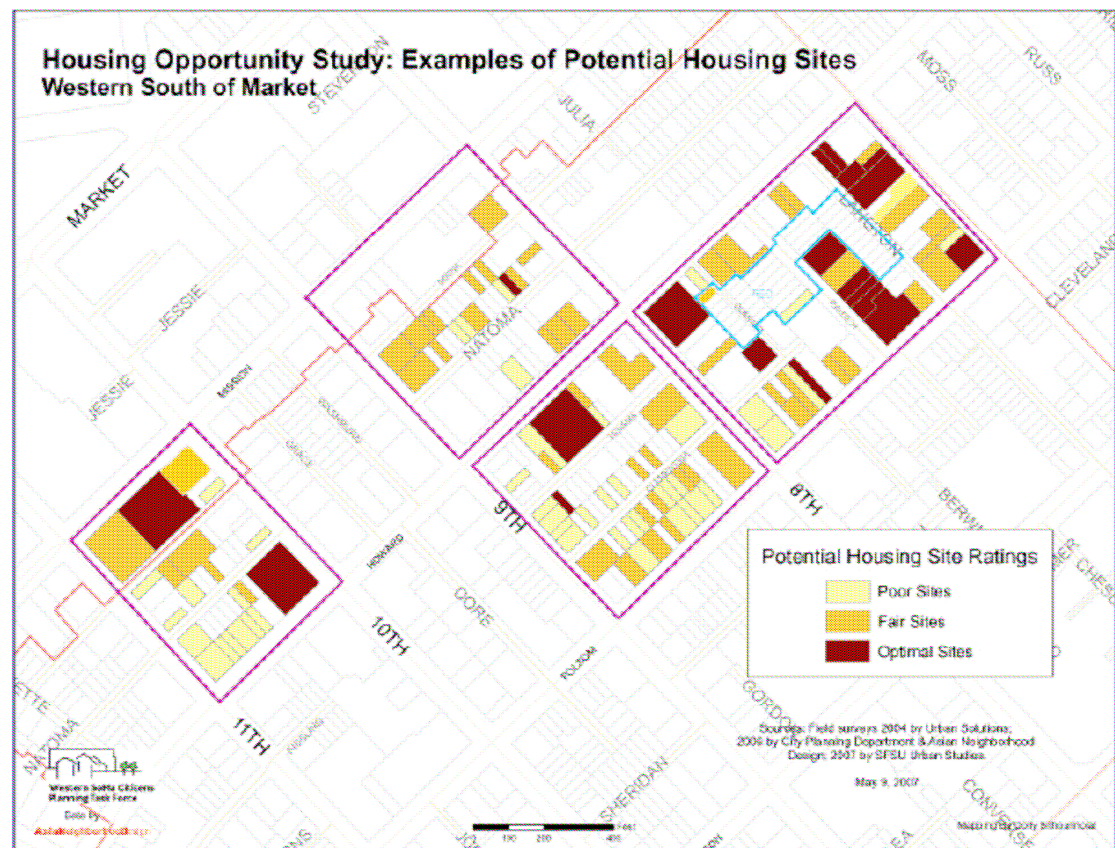


Examples

Short Survey Results

Threshold:

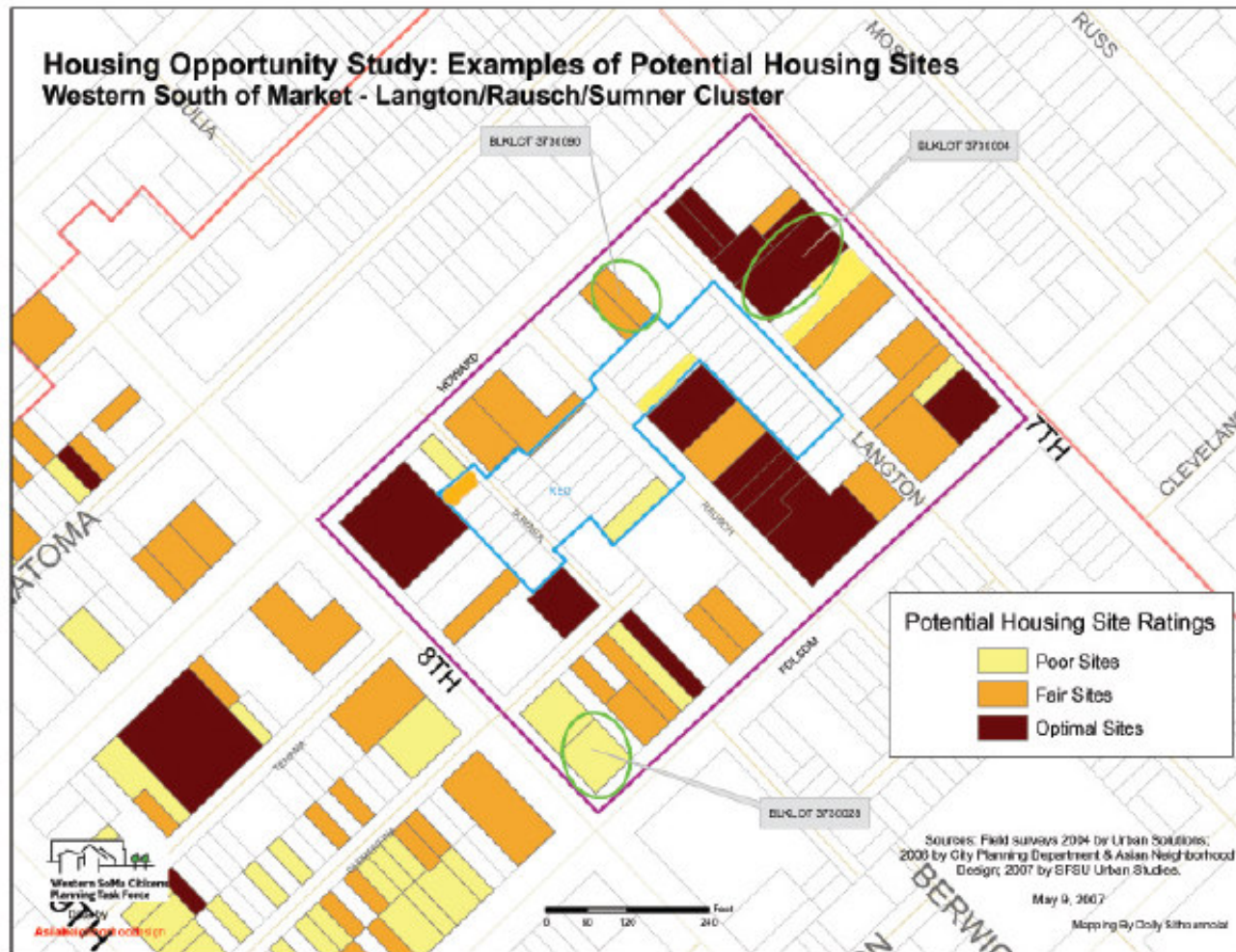
- Brown: Optimal Sites (55-67 points)
- Light Brown: Fair Sites (42-54 points)
- Yellow: Poor Sites (29-41 points)



Source: Asian Neighborhood Design, 4/27/07

Examples

Long Survey Results



Source: SF Planning Dept., AND, SFSU Team, 5/9/07

Potential Housing Sites Examples

Langton/Rausch/Sumner



Photo By: Annie, 4/14/07

Optimal
Block/Lot: 3730004
Short: 67 Points
Long : 150 Points



Photo by: Marshall, 4/14/07

Poor
Block/Lot: 3730028
Short: 41 Points
Long: 120 Points

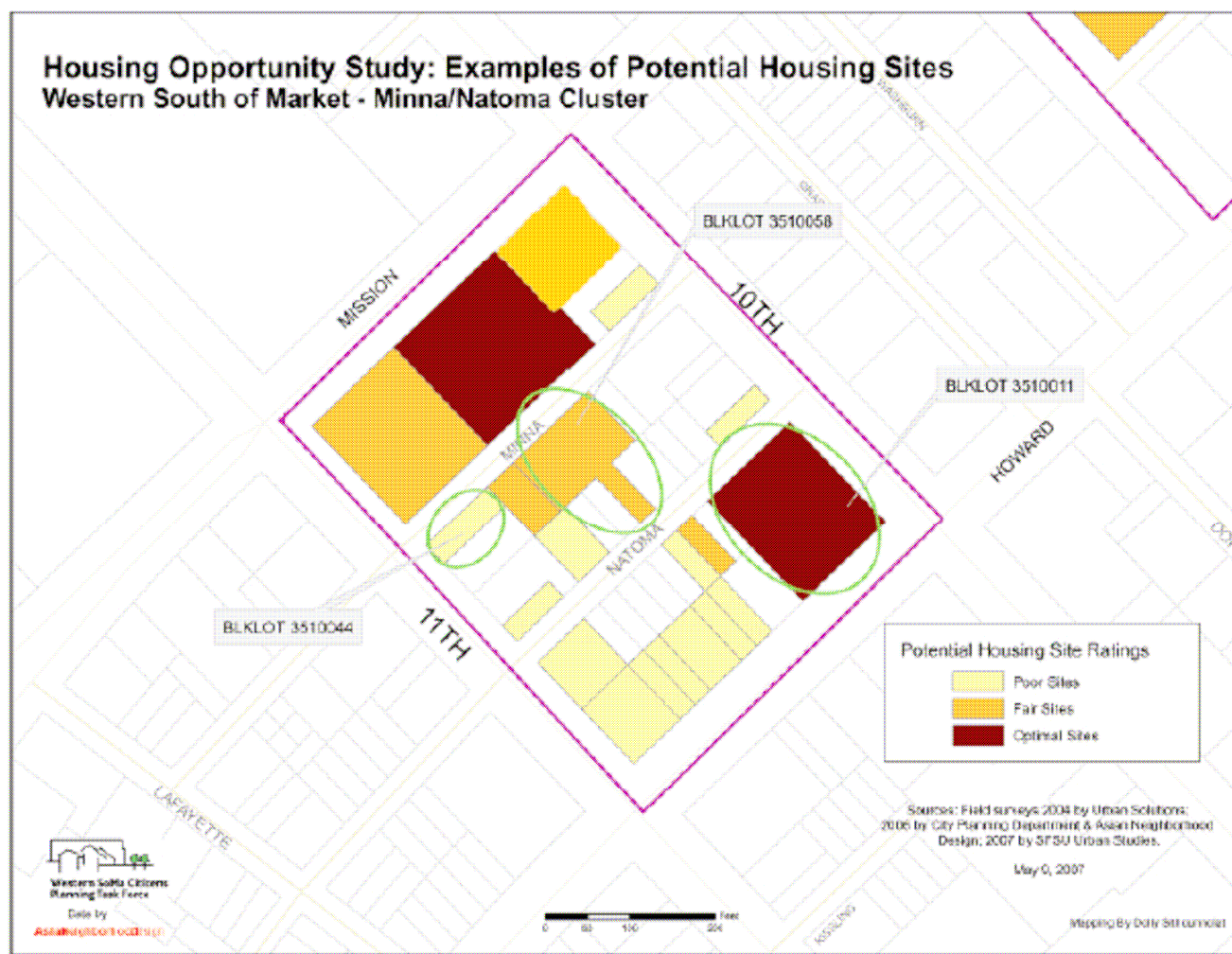


Photo by: Annie, 4/14/07

Fair
Block/Lot: 3730090
Short: 42 Points
Long: 136 Points

Examples

Long Survey Results



Source: SF Planning Dept., AND, SFSU Team, 5/9/07

Potential Housing Sites Examples

Minna/Natoma



Photo by: Dolly, 3/31/07

Optimal
Block/Lot: 3510011
Short: 65 Points
Long: 128 Points



Photo by: Annie 3/31/07



Photo by: Annie 3/31/07

Poor
Block/Lot: 3510044
Short: 30 Point
Long: 75 Points


Fair
Block/Lot: 3510058
Short: 52 Points
Long: 130 Points

What if the scoring was weighted differently?

We created 3 different weighted scoring systems

1. Site Capacity/Adaptive Reuse/Compatibility
(Data already presented)
2. Proximity to Residential Goods and Services
3. Public Realm Conditions





Comparisons Between the Weighting Systems

Langton, Rausch, Sumner

Rating	BLKLOT	Site Capacity Weighting	Proximity Weighting	Public Realm Weighting
Optimal	3730004	150	110	103
Fair	3730090	136	101	88
Poor	3730028	120	106	95

Minna/ Natoma

Rating	BLKLOT	Site Capacity Weighting	Proximity Weighting	Public Realm Weighting
Optimal	3510058	130	100	84
Fair	3510011	128	97	88
Poor	3510044	75	80	67

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Recommendations

- Comprehensive versus Selective Analysis
- Scoring
- Emphasis of Values
- Refining the methodology
- Incorporating Feedback



Photo by: Marshall, 3/31/07

Thank You!





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